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Programme of the Republic of Slovenia for the collection, management and use of the data in the fisheries sector for the period 2014-2016

Based on

Regulation (EU) No 508/2014,

Regulation (EU) No 1303/2013,

Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013,

Council Regulation (EC) No 199/2008,

Commission Regulation (EC) No 665/2008,

Commission Decision (2008/949/EC),

Commission Decision (2010/93/EU),

Commission implementing decision C(2013) 5243 of 13. 8. 2013 and

Commission implementing decision C(2013) 5568 of 30. 8. 2013

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Ministry of Agriculture Forestry and Food and
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I General framework

The Slovenian Programme for the collection, management and use of the data in the fisheries sector for the period 2014-2016 is based on the Council Regulation (EC) No 199/2008 concerning the establishment of a Community framework for the collection, management and use of data in the fisheries sector and support for scientific advice regarding the Common Fisheries Policy, on the Commission Regulation (EC) No 665/2008 of 14 July 2008 laying down detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EC) No 199/2008 concerning the establishment of a Community framework for the collection, management and use of data in the fisheries sector and support for scientific advice regarding the Common Fisheries Policy and on the Commission Decision (2008/949/EC) adopting a multi annual Community programme pursuant to Council Regulation (EC) No 199/2008 establishing a Community framework for the collection, management and use of data in the fisheries sector and support for scientific advice regarding the Common Fisheries Policy and pursuant to Commission Decision 2010/93/EU of 16 February 2010 adopting a multiannual Community programme for the collection, management and use of data in the fisheries sector for the period 2011-2013.

Union programme for the collection, management and use of data in the fisheries sector was extended from period 2011-2013 to 2014-2016 with the Commission implementing decision of 13.8.2013.

On 30.8.2013 also the national programmes for the collection of primary biological, technical, environmental and socio-economic data in the fisheries sector for the period 2011-2013 were extended to the period 2014-2016 by the Commission implementing decision.

Slovenian Programme proposal covers the transitional period of years 2014, 2015 and 2016. Compared to the years before there have not been major changes in the approach. The Programme describes the planned actions and relevant costs by articles and modules according to the Guidelines for the submission of National Data Collection Programme Proposals under Council Regulation (EC) 199/2008, Commission Regulation (EC) No 665/2008, Commission Decision (2008/949/EC) and Commission Decision 2010/93/EU. The major difference is in financial issues that are now planned to be under the future EMFF and in some minor changes in the standard tables, mainly related to the samplings of metiers.

The Programme of the Republic of Slovenia for the collection, management and use of the data in the fisheries sector for the period 2014-2016 refers to Slovenia and Slovenian fishing area. The reason for this lies in the fact that Slovenian fishermen carry out their fishing operations only in this region.

All activities described in this document are performed in accordance with Slovenian and European legislation and are part of operations that are eligible under the EMFF.

Under the Article 77 of the Regulation (EU) No 508/2014 of European Parliament and Council the EMFF shall support the collection, management and use of data, as provided for in Article 25(1) and (2) of Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013 and further specified in Regulation (EC) No 199/2008.

In particular, the following types of operations shall be eligible:

- (a) the collection, management and use of data for the purpose of scientific analysis and implementation of the CFP;
- (b) national, transnational and subnational multiannual sampling programmes, provided that they relate to stocks covered by the CFP;

- (c) at-sea monitoring of commercial and recreational fisheries, including monitoring of by-catch of marine organisms such as marine mammals and birds;
- (d) research surveys at sea;
- (e) the participation of representatives of Member States and regional authorities in regional coordination meetings, meetings of regional fisheries management organisations of which the Union is a contracting party or an observer, or meetings of international bodies responsible for providing scientific advice;
- (f) the improvement of data collection and data management systems and the implementation of pilot studies to improve existing data collection and data management systems.

II Organisation of the Programme of the Republic of Slovenia for the collection, management and use of the data in the fisheries sector for the period 2011-2013

II A National organisation and coordination

1. Ministry for Agriculture and Environment (MAE):

National data collection correspondent:

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The Ministry for Agriculture and Environment is the authority responsible for the implementation of this Programme, which is going to be conducted in partnership with the Fisheries Research Institute of Slovenia and with the cooperation of the Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia and other private institutions to which parts of the implementation will be outsourced.

2. Fisheries Research Institute (FRIS):

Fisheries Research Institute
Sp. Gameljne 61 a
1211 Ljubljana – Šmartno, Slovenia

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The Fisheries Research Institute covers the collection of the biological data, the collection of the data on recreational fisheries and the collection of the economic data. FRIS is responsible for the precision levels and for the calculation of the indicators in the module related to the measurement of the impacts of fisheries on the ecosystem.

Fisheries Research Institute is a partner of the Ministry for Agriculture and Environment in the field of implementation of Slovenian Programme 2011-2013. The relation of the Ministry and the Fishery Research Institute is in the form of contract.

The Fisheries Research Institute is partner in all of the modules of the Programme 2011-2013 with the exception of the development and upgrading of the fisheries information system and database. For this purpose we are going to have a private company. That company is going to be subcontractor in the Slovenian Programme 2011-2013.

3. Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia (SORS)

Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia
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The Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia is responsible for consultations within the field of general methodological issues in the field of the fisheries statistics.

National co-ordination meetings:

Slovenia will organize the yearly national data collection meeting. There will be invited all the participants in NP 2014-2016 and representatives from European Commission.

II B and II C International coordination and Regional Coordination

During the period of the implementation of the Programme 2014-2016 we are going to participate at all meetings that are necessary for our work within the data collection. The list of meeting we are planing to participate at is in standard tables (II.B.1: Planned International coordination).

III Module of the evaluation of the fishing sector

III A General description of the fishing sector

The total gross tonnage of all Slovenian fishing vessels registered in the Fishing Vessel Register on 1 January 2014 (170 vessels, aquaculture vessels excluded) was 598,01 GT, while the total main engine power was 8,425,30 kW. About 91,8 % of all vessels in the Fishing Vessel Register are under 12 m LOA and 86,5 % of the vessels in the Fishing Vessel Register are over 20 years old. The oldest age category remain the vessels of 12 to 18 meters length overall.

The structure of the Slovenian fishing fleet according to the size of the vessel is shown in the table below:

SIZE OF THE VESSEL	GT (average)	GT (sum)	kW (average)	kW (sum)	AGE (average)	NUMBER OF VESSELS
0-5,9 m	0,94	76,32	10,93	885,26	36,11	81
6-11,9 m	3,8	282,05	67,13	5.034,91	35,27	75
12-17,9 m	16,10	208,88	177,39	2.306,13	42,46	13
over 18 m	30,76	30,76	199	199	10	1
Total	3,52	598,01	49,56	8.425,30	36,07	170

Table 1: Structure of Slovenian fishing fleet. (MAE, FVR, InfoRib, 1 January 2014).

Almost 85 % of the active vessels from our fishing fleet are under 12 m LOA and they represent from 33 % to 43 % of total landings. The most numerous within the Slovenian fishing fleet is the segment of gill netters. It is followed by the segment of demersal trawlers and purse seiners. The majority of the landings are performed by demersal trawlers, followed by purse seiners and gill netters.

The fact that Slovenian fishermen catch common Adriatic stocks (shared stocks) is not negligible. In the Mediterranean and Adriatic Seas, several stocks of fishing organisms exist that are exploited by fisheries of different countries. The Slovenian data that are available are collected on a relatively small part of the area of a certain stock.

The main species caught are European anchovy (*Engraulis encrasicolus*), Common cuttlefish (*Sepia officinalis*), Musky octopus (*Eledone moschata*), Golden grey mullet (*Liza aurata*), Mullet *nei* (*Mugilidae* spec), Common pandora (*Pagellus erythrinus*), European pilchard (*Sardina pilchardus*), Gilthead seabream (*Sparus aurata*), Common sole (*Solea solea*), European squid (*Loligo vulgaris*), Whiting (*Merlangius merlangus*) Catches and landings of listed species represent more than 80 % of total catches and landings of our fisheries sector.

There are about 380 indigenous species in the Adriatic Sea. In the last years, 36 new non-indigenous species were recognised, mainly from warmer seas. We can divide them in two groups.

Pelagic species: there are 18 pelagic species, 12 out of which are economically important. These are: Sardine, Anchovy, Mullet, European sprat, Jack and Horse mackerel, Mackerels *nei*, Blotched picarel, Round sardinella, Mackerel of the species *Scomber japonicus*, Garfish and Bonito.

Demersal species: there are 45 demersal species, of which 17 species are economically important. These are: Whiting, Common sole, Gadiformes *nei*, Common pandora, Gilthead sea bream, Smooth-hounds *nei*, Surmullets *nei*, European flounder, Big-scale sand smelt, Black Goby, Hake, European sea bass, Ray's bream, Red bandfish (*Cepola macrophthalmia*), Salema, Bogue, Gumards *nei*.

From all of the above-mentioned species, the following can be defined as migratory species: Sardine, Anchovy, European sprat, Jack and horse mackerels *nei*, Round sardinella, Mackerel of the species *Scomber japonicus*, Garfish and Bonito.

The maritime aquaculture includes shellfish farms (blue mussel) and floating cages (sea bass, gilthead sea bream).

Recreational and sport fisheries are organized on the basis of the membership in fisheries clubs that are part of the Sea Sport Fishing Federation of Slovenia.

III B Economic variables

III B 1 Data acquisition

The national program for collection of economic data for the fishing sector combines information from three main resources:

- Questionnaire information returned from the aquaculture sector on a voluntary basis,
- The Slovenian data base InfoRib,
- The annual accounts of business enterprises.

The data collected from all sources are combined in such a way that a complete set of accounting items is compared for each business enterprise. Most of the data will be cross-checked, e.g. value of landings from InfoRib will be checked with Income from annual accounts, landings from log book will be checked with sales in kg from sales notes, all costs from questionnaires will be checked with the costs from annual accounts etc. For checking the data will also be used databases from other public services such as Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia, Chamber of Commerce and Industry of Slovenia etc.

III B 1 (a) Definition of variables

The economic variables will be collected on the basis of Council Regulation (EC) No 199/2008 and of Appendix VI to the Commission Decision (EC) 949/2008. Slovenian fishermen execute their fishing operations just in one region – Mediterranean (GSA 17).

List and method of collection of economic variables

Income

Gross value of landings: the data will be collected from vessels' logbooks.

Income for leasing out quota or other fishing rights; the data will be collected through the use of survey questionnaires and accounting records – AJPES (AJPES is the Agency of the Republic of Slovenia for Public Legal Records and Related Services).

Direct subsidies: the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES and financial records of the MAE.

Other income: the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES.

Personnel costs

Wages and salaries of crew: the data on the cost of gross wages will be collected from accounting records – AJPES.

Imputed value of unpaid labour: the data will be collected through the use of survey questionnaires and the settlement of accounts according to the chosen methodology.

Energy costs

Energy costs: the data on the quantity and type of fuel will be collected through the use of survey questionnaire. The data for monitoring will be collected through the use of technical literature – the fuel consumption per hour of operation will be calculated for a particular type of engine and multiplied by the hours that the vessel has spent at sea (the data on the number of hours at sea can be found in the vessel's logbook).

Repair and maintenance costs

Repair and maintenance costs: the data will be collected through the use of survey questionnaires.

Other operational costs

Variable costs – all purchased inputs of goods and services related to fishing effort and/or catch/landings: the data will be collected through the use of survey questionnaires and accounting records – AJPES.

Non-variable costs – all purchased inputs of goods and services not related to fishing effort and/or catch/landings (including leased equipment): the data will be collected through the use of survey questionnaires and from accounting records – AJPES.

Lease/rental payment for quota or other fishing rights: the data will be collected through the use of survey questionnaires and from accounting records – AJPES.

Capital costs

Annual depreciation: the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES and through the use of a survey questionnaire.

Capital value

Value of physical capital: depreciated replacement value – value of the vessel, i.e. the hull, engine, all onboard equipment and the gear; the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES and through the use of a survey questionnaire.

Value of physical capital: depreciated historical value – value of the vessel, i.e. the hull, engine, all onboard equipment and the gear; the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES and through the use of a survey questionnaire.

Value of quota and other fishing rights: the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES and through the use of a survey questionnaire.

Investments

Investments in physical capital – improvements of the existing vessel/gear during the given year: the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES and through the use of a survey questionnaire.

Financial position

Debt/asset ratio - % debt in relation to total capital value: the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES.

Employment

Engaged crew – number of jobs on board, including temporary crew as well as rotation crew, equal to the average number of persons working for and paid by the vessel: the data will be collected through the use of survey questionnaires and from accounting records – AJPES.

FTE National – full time equivalent: the data will be collected through the use of survey questionnaires and from accounting records – AJPES.

FTE harmonized – full time equivalent based on a threshold of 2000 hours per FTE: the data will be calculated on the basis of the corresponding methodology.

Data on employment will be collected by gender from 2011.

Fleet

Number: the data will be collected from the Fishing Vessel Register.

Mean LOA – length overall: the data will be collected from the Fishing Vessel Register.

Mean vessel's tonnage: the data will be collected from the Fishing Vessel Register.

Mean vessel's power: the data will be collected from the Fishing Vessel Register.

Mean age: the data will be collected from the Fishing Vessel Register and with the assistance of Slovenian Maritime Administration.

Effort

Days at sea: the data will be collected from vessels' logbooks.

Energy consumption: the data on the quantity and type of fuel will be collected through the use of survey questionnaire, the data for monitoring will be collected through the use of technical literature – the fuel consumption per hour of operation will be calculated for a particular type of engine and multiplied by the hours that the vessel has spent at sea (the data on the number of hours at sea can be found in the vessel's logbook).

Number of fishing enterprises/units

Number of fishing enterprises/units – shared ownership is regarded as one unit: the data will be collected through the use of records of enterprises and through the use of MAE records.

Production value per species

Value of landings per species: the data will be collected from vessels' logbooks.

Average price per species – prices in Euros per kilo live weight without the VAT; the data will be collected from sales notes or through the use of a survey questionnaire.

Explanatory notes with regard to the collection of economic variables

The imputed value of unpaid labour: this is considered to be work that is not remunerated in the usual sense of the word (non-salaried work) and is therefore regarded as unpaid labour. In this case, the owner does not receive a "salary" in the sense that a hired fisherman would, but receives an emolument due to the capital invested (in the form of the vessel and other physical capital) in addition to the emolument for labour. This income belongs to him in the form of "mixed income" if he is a natural person or registered as a private entrepreneur or in the form of an operating surplus if the owner is registered as a legal person.

Both categories are calculated indirectly by first evaluating the production and then subtracting from it the production costs (intermediate consumption), the depreciation of the physical capital (consumption of fixed capital), total employment costs (gross salaries + employer's contributions), adding subsidies and subtracting taxes. What remains is the income of the fisherman, who is at the same time the owner of the vessel, i.e. the mixed income or the operating surplus, depending on how the fisherman is registered.

Full-time fishers receive at least 90 % of their livelihood from fishing or spend at least 90 % of their working time in that occupation.

Part-time fishers receive at least 30 % but less than 90 % of their livelihood from fishing or spend at least 30 % but less than 90 % of their working time in that occupation.

Yearly depreciation cost: the depreciation is calculated with regard to the original cost of the physical capital, reduced for the imputed residual value. It is calculated using the straight-line method and using the following depreciation rates:

- buildings 2,5 % - 5 %,
- equipment 8 % - 33 %,
- fishing vessels 5 %,
- Computer equipment 30 % - 50 %.

Value of physical capital: the physical capital is evaluated according to the cost model. The actual purchase cost of the physical capital encompasses the purchase price of the physical capital as well as all the costs that can be directly attributed to its qualification for the intended use.

The “fishing effort” of a vessel is the product of its engine power and the duration of its fishing activity. For a group of vessels, the “fishing effort” is the sum of the fishing efforts of all vessels concerned.

With regard to fuel consumption, the data on quantity and cost need to be collected in such a way that it will be possible to impute the average yearly fuel consumption per vessel within each segment.

The data will be collected per vessel. Some accounting data will be collected per individual economic operator. In this manner, the following data will be collected from the economic operators:

1. total revenue in marine fisheries (income from fishing as well as other income),
cost of wages and salaries (this encompasses all costs related to all employees in such a way that the data for the crew can be separated from other data),
costs of goods, materials and services (total; it will then be possible to impute the data on operating costs by subtracting the costs of fuel and costs of repairs from the costs of goods, materials and services),
depreciation or write-down,
rate of borrowing (expressed as the proportion of the borrowing in the total capital of the economic operator),
property (assets).

Capital value: Capital value is in principle the sum of all assets (or liabilities) presented on the annual balance sheet. The capital value of the fishing firms is in principle composed of the following components:

- Fixed tangible assets – sea-based = vessel, engine, electronics, other equipment on board.
- Fixed tangible assets – shore based = buildings, cars and other facilities on shore.
- Intangible assets = licenses, quota, permits, etc.
- Working capital = liquidity (money) required to pay regularly on-going operational expenses.
- Reserves, participations, shares, etc. = resources (money) ‘invested’ in assets not directly related to the fishing operations, but for example maintained to assure pension payments to the owner.

The capital value and capital costs will be imputed according to the study No FISH/2005/03.

FTE is defined as follows (using a threshold of 2,000 hours):

- each crewman working annually 2,000 hours or more is counted as one FTE;
- each crewman working less than 2,000 hours per year is counted as a percentage of a FTE according to the number of hours worked in relation to the threshold of 2,000 hours;

- working time is the time spent on fishing and related activities on board or on shore. This means that working time is only a part of the duration of a fishing trip.

For National FTE Slovenia will use a threshold of 2088 hours.

The methodology for the imputation of employment (engaged crew and FTE) will be in accordance with the Study FISH/2005/14.

Indicator for the "fuel efficiency of fish capture": This is an indicator of the relationship between fuel consumption and the value of landed catch.

Value of landings is calculated as the product of landings by species and prices.

Landings per species: the data will be collected from vessels' logbooks.

Average price per species – prices in euro per kilo live weight excluding VAT; the data will be collected from sales notes or through the use of a survey questionnaire.

Cost of fuel: the data on the quantity and type of fuel will be collected through the use of survey questionnaire. The data for monitoring will be collected through the use of technical literature – the fuel consumption per hour of operation will be calculated for a particular type of engine and multiplied by the hours that the vessel has spent at sea (the data on the number of hours at sea can be found in the vessel's logbook).

Calculation of indicator: Calculate total value of landed catch (Euro) by fishing technique, quarter and year. Divide value by cost of fuel used to take this landed catch (Euro).

Data collection procedure

A register of economic operators engaged in commercial marine fishing in the Republic of Slovenia will be drawn up. Firstly, a note will be sent to everyone that the collection of economic data on the basis of EC Regulation is to be commenced. At the same time, the economic operators will be informed that within the coming days they will receive a survey questionnaire to their home address, which they should examine and together with their accountants collect the relevant data. The cooperating operators will be asked to propose a date when they can be visited in order to examine the survey questionnaire together and to resolve possible problems and difficulties. To the meeting with a fisherman, all the data processed by vessel will be taken (catch, fishing gear, length of the vessel etc.) that were already collected from other sources – logbooks, fishing vessel register etc.

The economic data, based on accounting categories, will pertain to the calendar year, i.e. from 1 January to 31 December of the respective year. For the previous year, these data are usually available after half the year following the elapsed calendar year.

III B 1 (b) Type of data collection

As a type of data collection Slovenia will use census. Census attempts to collect data from all members of a population. This would include collection of data from administrative records, as well as other cases in which data are derived from sources originally compiled for non-statistical purposes

III B 1 (c) Target and frame population

The target population for data collection are all vessels from the Slovenian Fleet Register as of 1 January 2011.

The economic variables will be collected for all vessels regardless of their activity. All economic variables will be collected for active vessels. For inactive vessels only capacity indicators and capital value will be collected.

The economic variables are reported for each segment of the fleet as provided in Appendix III of the Commission Decision. A vessel will be classified into a particular segment by taking into account which fishing gear prevails with regard to the number of fishing days (i.e. the vessel uses that gear more than 50 % of its time fishing). In classifying vessels into individual segments, the data from logbooks will be taken into account.

III B 1 (d) Data sources

The program for collection of economic data for the fishing sector combines information from three main resources:

1. Questionnaire information returned from the fisheries and aquaculture sector on a voluntary basis,
The Slovenian data base InfoRib,
The annual accounts of business enterprises.

The data collected from all sources are combined in such a way that a complete set of accounting items is compared for each business enterprise. The target population is all fishing sector in Slovenia. There are approximately 110 companies or fishermen in Slovenia. A survey (questionnaire, with personal contact) will be carried out on an annual basis to provide data on all the parameters. All enterprises will be given lengthy questionnaire, which will be developed by group of experts.

III B 1 (e) Sampling stratification and allocation scheme

Slovenia will not use sampling.

III B 2 Estimation

As a type of data collection Slovenia will use census. In the case of a census with non-responses, Slovenia will estimate variables using the method of extrapolation. Extrapolation is based on the assumption that trends in the observations will continue outside the range for which data are known.

III B 3 Data quality evaluation

As a type of data collection Slovenia will use census. In the case of a census with non-responses, Slovenia will estimate variables using method of extrapolation. Extrapolation is based on the assumption that trends in the observations will continue outside the rang for which data are known. Slovenia will extrapolate data for each segment separately, so that there will be no errors due to different values in different segments.

Extrapolation formula:

$$\bar{a} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (a_i)}{n}$$
$$A = N * \bar{a}$$

A - total value of the parameter,

a_i - value of the parameter,

n – number of data with known value a,

N – total number of data,

\bar{a} - average value of the parameter.

Allocation of accounting values by individual vessel

The Commission Regulation (EC) No 199/2008 provides that the data are to be collected by fishing vessel and fishing gear. This requires access to accounting balance sheets and, in the case of more vessels, the allocation of accounting values by individual vessel and fishing gear. Since economic subjects in fisheries do not compile these records for individual vessel and gear, a low responsiveness and/or low reliability of the data would only be achieved if these data were collected via a questionnaire. A methodology for the allocation of accounting values by individual vessels and fishing gear could be prescribed, but this would greatly increase the complexity of filling-in the questionnaire.

Therefore, the abovementioned accounting data will be collected by economic operators. In the case that an economic operator owns more vessels or performs other activities in addition to fishing, the value of the data will be allocated by individual vessel according to the following methodology:

Income: the data on the size and structure of income will be collected by a questionnaire; for the monitoring of the imputed income of a fisherman by vessel that is obtained using a questionnaire, accounting data will be used (in cases where the sum of income obtained by a questionnaire deviates from accounting data, accounting data will be used, while the data on income obtained by a questionnaire would be used to estimate the structure of the shares of individual types of income of fisheries operator). Also, the shares of the income that an economic operator receives from performing other activities in the total income will be imputed.

Cost of wages and salaries: the cost of labour by vessel is allocated on the basis of the size of income achieved by an individual vessel (the accounting data on the total amount of income are allocated by vessel on the basis of the imputation of income by vessel obtained by a questionnaire). If the economic operator performs another activity in addition to fishing, the share of income from this activity will also be taken into account when calculating the cost of wages and salaries, namely by first subtracting the said share from the total income in order to obtain only the income from fishing.

Cost of goods, materials and services: the accounting data on these costs is allocated by vessel on the basis of the imputation of income by vessel obtained by a questionnaire. If the economic operator performs another activity in addition to fishing, the share of income from this activity is also taken into account when calculating the cost of goods, materials and services, namely by first subtracting the said share from the total income in order to obtain only the income from fishing.

Depreciation or write-down: the accounting data is allocated by vessel on the basis of the data on the insured or market value of the vessel, which is obtained by a questionnaire.

Rate of borrowing (expressed as the proportion of the borrowing in the total capital of the economic operator): the accounting data is allocated by vessel on the basis of the imputation of income by vessel that is obtained by a questionnaire.

Property (assets): the accounting data is allocated by vessel on the basis of the data on the insured or market value of the vessel, which is obtained by a questionnaire.

Economic data on the fishing sector will be collected mostly from accounting records – AJPES, from data base InfoRib and through questionnaires that will be sent to all in the fishing sector in Slovenia and that should be returned to Ministry for Agriculture and Environment for subsequent analysis.

The program for collection of economic data for the fishing sector combines information from three main resources:

- Questionnaire information returned from the fisheries and aquaculture sector on a voluntary basis,
- The Slovenian data base InfoRib,
- The annual accounts of business enterprises.

The data collected from all sources are combined in such a way that a complete set of accounting items is compared for each business enterprise.

The target population is all fishing sector in Slovenia. There are approximately 110 companies or fishermen in Slovenia.

A survey (questionnaire, with personal contact) will be carried out on an annual basis to provide data on all the parameters. All enterprises will be given lengthy questionnaire, which will be developed by group of experts.

Data will be collected on the whole population so we do not expect any problems in achieving good quality of the data.

III B 4 Data presentation

Final data will be available in the end of December for the previous year. So, the data for 2010 will be available in December 2011, the data for 2011 will be available in December 2012 and the data for 2012 will be available in December 2013.

According to confidentiality, Slovenia will have to combine fleet segments. Slovenia will cluster segments of different lengths which are using similar gears.

The list of segments for which problems of confidentiality might arise:

- Drift and fixed netters 12 - 18 m
- Demersal trawlers and demersal seiners 06 - 12 m
- Demersal trawlers and demersal seiners 12 - 18 m
- Vessel using pots and traps 00 - 06 m
- Vessel using pots and traps 12 - 18 m
- Vessels using polyvalent passive gears only 06 - 12 m
- Vessels using active and passive gears 00 - 06 m
- Vessels using active and passive gears 06 - 12 m
- Vessels using active and passive gears 12 - 18 m
- Purse seiners 06 - 12m
- Purse seiners 12 - 18 m

III B 5 Regional coordination

Regional cooperation and coordination will be needed in the case of collecting the first sale data in situations where Slovenian fishermen land their fish in Italy (Trieste). We are planning to establish the collection of first sale data from fishermen landing their fish in Italy until the end of 2010.

III B 6 Derogations and non conformities

No derogations and non-conformities are expected.

Ref. No: 007-1/2014/151

III C Biological metier related variables

III C 1 Data acquisition

III C 1 (a) Codification and naming convention

For identifying the métiers, the ranking system described in the Commission Decision 2008/949/EC, Chapter III B.B1.3.(1)(b) was used. According to this system and Appendix IV (4) of the Commission Decision 2008/949/EC, the appropriate metier was assigned for every fishing trip (log-book) performed. According to InfoRib data 13 métiers on level 6 have been identified (Table 2).

Métier on level 6	Description
FPO_DEF__0_0	pots and traps, demersal species
FYK_DEF__0_0	fyke nets, demersal species
GND_SPF__0_0	driftnet, small pelagic fish
GNS_DEF_>=16_0_0	set gillnet, demersal species
GNS_SLP_>=16_0_0	set gillnet, small and large pelagic fish
GTR_DEF__0_0	trammel net, demersal species
LHP_CEP__0_0	hand and pole lines, cephalopods
LHP_FIF__0_0	hand and pole lines, finfish
LLS_DEF__0_0	set longlines, demersal species
OTB_DEF_>=40_0_0	bottom otter trawl, demersal species
PS_SPF_>=14_0_0	purse seine, small pelagic fish

Table 2: Metiers identified from the log-book data (InfoRib).

III C 1 (b) Selection of metiers to sample

During the reference years 2012-2013 the fishing activities have been recorded for 11 métiers listed in worksheet III_C_1. The information for ranking the métiers was obtained from logbooks (Effort Days and Total Landings) and from first sale notes and socio-economic questionnaires (Total Value). For selecting the métiers to be sampled the ranking system described in Commission Decision 2008/949/EC has been used. No métiers have been merged or disaggregated. Selected métiers are described in the following text.

GNS_DEF_>=16_0_0

Ref. No: 007-1/2014/151

Smaller vessels targeting demersal fish in territorial waters of the Republic of Slovenia

GTR_DEF__0_0

Smaller vessels targeting demersal fish in territorial waters of the Republic of Slovenia

OTB_DEF_>=40_0_0

Bottom trawls targeting demersal fish and cephalopods in territorial waters of the Republic of Slovenia.

PS_SPF_>=14_0_0

Purse seiners targeting small pelagic species, mainly *Sardina pilchardus* and *Engraulis encrasicolus* in territorial waters of the Republic of Slovenia.

III C 1 (c) Type of data collection

For the collection of biological métier-related variables a probability sample survey will be used wherever possible. From previous years' experience this type of data collection will not be always possible because fishermen are not obligated to take observers on board and/or some fishing boats are too small to embark additional persons. The legal bases which will make possible undisturbed observers' work are in preparation. Until then we sample the métiers for discards by being present on the fishing vessel, during the acts of fishing, catching and discarding.

III C 1 (d) Target and frame population

The target population are all the fishing trips of a selected métier on level 6. Discards will be sampled quarterly for the following métiers:

- GNS_DEF_>=16_0_0,
- GTR_DEF_0_0_0,
- OTB_DEF_>=40_0_0,
- PS_SPF_>=14_0_0 and

The frame population are all above listed métiers and samples will be drawn from all of them.

In our case the métiers and the fishing ground is known in advance since the métiers are not changing in time and all fishing trips are performed in the territorial sea of the Republic of Slovenia, which is a relatively small area of the Northern Adriatic.

III C 1 (e) Sampling stratification and allocation scheme

The sampling stratification will be as follows: (1) the sampling unit will be the fishing trip and (2) the sampling effort will be one fishing trip per month. Since the fishing trips are unevenly distributed due to seasonal variability, eight samplings per métier are planned. Those eight samples will be distributed through the year in order to provide quarterly data.

III C 2 Estimation procedures

Scientists onboard will be gathering all needed data. In the sampling process all species in the catch will be recorded. Species will be divided in two groups: target and incidental species. For each species the retained and discarded quantities in terms of weight and number will be recorded. For fish, cephalopods and crustaceans the total length (TL), mantle length (ML), and carapace length (CL) will be recorded respectively. Biometric data will be collected in such a way that will make possible to distinguish between retained and discarded specimens as well as transposition of biological data to catch level and trip level. For this purpose the total daily trip's catch and the number of the corresponding logbook are also carefully recorded.

We use data collected from onboard samplings of discards in correlation with the catch to estimate the discard in the level of the métier on the yearly basis.

III C 3 Data quality evaluation

Although a probability sample survey is foreseen, the most obvious source of bias is connected with selection of fishing vessels affected with no cooperation of the masters. Nevertheless we will look forward to achieve a precision of level 1. The legal basis which will make possible undisturbed observers work is in preparation.

Methods:

We will estimate parameters with a coefficient of variation (CV).
(<https://datacollection.jrc.ec.europa.eu/ade/precision-level-dcf>)

$$CV = \frac{S}{\mu}$$

where:

S = standard deviation

μ = sample mean

III C 4 Data presentation

Data for the observed year will be available for the end users in January next year. Normally the data derived from each sampling are available for the end users few days after the sampling takes place. In this time all the data from paper forms will be transferred in the relational database of the Fisheries Research Institute of Slovenia. After the transfer of data any kind of query from the database is possible.

III C 5 Regional coordination

No regional coordination is expected.

III C 6 Derogations and non conformities

No derogations are expected.

III D Biological recreational fisheries

III D 1 Data acquisition

III D 1 (a) Type of data collection

The Slovenian fishermen perform their fishing operations only in one region – the Mediterranean (GSA 17) in Slovenian territorial waters of the Northern Adriatic.

In the marine recreational fishing in Slovenia, we have to consider two types of fishermen:

1. The first are sport fishermen - holders of annual licenses - who are organized in clubs and in the association (the last documented number of registered members is 950) for fishing at sea from the boat.
2. The second are the occasional recreational fishermen that purchase daily or weekly license for fishing at sea from the boat.

Sea Sport Fishing Federation of Slovenia is reporting yearly to the MAE the exact number of sold annual, weekly and daily licenses and the data regarding the payment of taxes.

For fishing from the shore there are no licenses necessary nor any data collection planned so far.

Most of the non-commercial fishing in Slovenian territorial waters takes place during the summer months because of the geographic facts and much colder winters than in the southern Adriatic. Winter temperatures of water in our sea are the lowest in the whole Adriatic (down to 7 deg. C, in the 2011/2012 winter the lowest sea temperature was 3 deg. C registered in Piran bay) and summer temperatures are also the highest because of the shallow water. Winter recreational fishermen are mostly targeting squid and whiting.

The average vessel used for recreational fishing in Slovenia is between 4 and 6 m long and fishermen normally go out and return on the same day. The holders of annual licenses on average fish more days per year for shorter time per day than the users of daily licenses. The first group is also mainly structured from people living on or closer to the Slovenian coast.

For the first group we have data on fish caught in numbers and weight from the year 2003 onward that are collected by the Sea Sport Fishing Federation of Slovenia. The annual license has a special annex with the table that is used to monitor effort in days and catch and the retained catch in species, numbers and weight. The license holders are obliged to fill it in at the beginning of the trip (date) and at the end of the trip (retained catch). So we are gathering data from all sport fishermen (census). Sea Sport Fishing Federation of Slovenia is gathering data regarding catch, days at sea, species, number and weight of caught fish.

For the second group data is gathered with the returned licences.

During the inspection of the boats on the sea we are checking the licenses and correct filling-in of the annexes. The date has to be written in the annex before the fishing operation begins and at the end of the day the fishermen have to write in the forms also the number and weight of species caught As well as the fishing effort in hours. Inspectors are also performing the control over the sale of licenses. All licenses are numbered with serial number and the sale of licenses is controlled with the written receipt with the same number as license.

III D 1 (b) Target and frame population

Target population are all non-commercial fishermen so target and frame populations are the same.

III D 1 (c) Data sources

Data will be obtained by the filled-in annual licenses of sport fishermen that represent about 95 % of all non-commercial fishermen in Slovenia which are gathered by the Sea Sport Fishing Federation of Slovenia.

Data from occasional recreational fishermen will be acquired from the returned sold daily and weekly licences. Data is also checked through inspections at sea.

Even though there are no fisheries targeting specifically bluefin tuna, eel or cod, we are collecting data of catches for all species, with no exceptions, that are retained by those fishermen. The aim of the study performed in 2007/8 was to get a general idea of what is going on in recreational fishing in Slovenia although it is clear that the whole yearly catch of those fishermen altogether is negligible in comparison to the Member States with larger fishing areas that also have recreational fishing at sea.

According to the results of the data collected in the pilot study in 2007/8, the estimated catch in weight per year of both groups is about 20.000 kg per year (~19.000 by sport fishermen + ~1000 by occasional recreational fishermen). Compared to the annual commercial landings, this represents roughly 2 % of our commercial catch. Even if multiplied by 100% due to eventual unreported landings, we don't think the number exceeds 4-5% of Slovenian average commercial landings in past years. Therefore it is not very important compared to the commercial fishing.

III D 1 (d) Sampling stratification and allocation scheme

We are planning to collect data the same way we did in the past years. This is retained species, number of specimens of the species and combined weight in kilograms of the retained organisms of the same species. From 2011 also the fishing effort is a part of the data that is collected. The data will be obtained mainly from the holders of annual licenses and from the returned daily (weekly) licenses.

The plan is to collect these data in a long term. We are collecting data of all retained organisms – fish and cephalopods.

We do not have recreational fishery for bluefin tuna in Slovenia and therefore we do not sample it. There are no reports of recreationally caught bluefin tuna in Slovenian territorial waters since the restoration of the Slovenian data collection programme.

There are no reports of by-catch of eel in recreational fishing since every specimen of this protected species can and must be released from the hook.

III D 2 Estimation procedures

From June 27th 2008, the collection of data on Slovenian recreational fishermen with the annual, weekly or daily licences is formally regulated with the Rules, which were published in the Slovenian Official Journal (<http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?urlid=200864&stevilka=2762>). Therefore from 2009 on, Slovenia is collecting data on recreational fishing in Slovenian territorial waters through the returned filled-in daily and weekly licenses or in the case of annual licenses, through the annexed tables. The compliance is monitored by the fisheries inspectors.

Our estimation is that the annual results of fish caught by the non-commercial fishermen in Slovenia will stay in the same proportion. (The whole report of the pilot study was sent as a part of the technical report in the past.) For all calculations we will use the data from the following sources:

- reports of all registered sport fishermen (from returned annual licenses)
- returned recreational licenses
- data gathered during “at sea” inspections.

Unfortunately we do not have any data whatsoever about the retained catch from the recreational fishing from the shore where also no licenses are needed. In order to fill this gap the pilot study is planned by FRIS in the near future.

III D 3 Data quality evaluation

We expect about 800-1000 daily licenses to be sold in one year for the occasional recreational fishermen and also data from every sport-fisherman (members of fishing clubs that actually purchase an annual license) for the whole year period is expected as well. The regulated deadline for the collected and sent data is January of the next year. Sport fishermen represent about 95 % of all non-commercial fishermen, and the data from occasional recreational fishermen will be collected through the shops that sell the licenses and at sea samplings at every inspection when licences, fishing methods and effort are checked. From 2013 on it is possible to buy online the electronic daily license.

III D 4 Data presentation

Data will be collected by the end of January and first rough annual report should be ready by the end of February every following year. Final report should be ready by the end of May every year.

III D 5 Regional coordination

So far, no regional coordination or shared programs in our marine region were formally offered by Slovenia or the neighbouring Adriatic countries Italy and Croatia. Contacts with the mentioned countries and other participants of the FAO Adriamed project have been made and cooperation has been established in many fields but so far no multilateral agreements or other initiatives were established as far as recreational fishing is concerned.

III D 6 Derogations and non conformities

There are no data so far about-non commercial fishing from the shore. There is also no need for a special fishing license for fishing from the shore from the Slovenian coast. So the only way to get data from coast fishermen would be direct sampling with questinaries. We are planning a pilot study about that segment in the near future.

III E Biological stock-related variable

III E 1 Data acquisition

With regard to the requirements specified in the Appendix VII of Commission Decision 2008/949/EC, data for the stock-related variables will be collected from commercial fisheries. The required biological variables of individual age, length, weight, sex and maturity will be collected on a monthly basis and associated with corresponding information on space and time stratum.

III E 1 (a) Selection of stocks to sample

According to the requirements of the Appendix VII and Chapter III, section B2.5(5) of Commission Decision 2008/949/EC, Slovenia will only sample 2 species, namely *Engraulis encrasicolus* and *Sardina pilchardus*.

Although in last three years the average landing of named two species fell under 200 tonnes in average, Slovenia would like to sample two of it's most important species in the future as well. In accordance with the DCF regulation the Adriatic countries, in the framework of the GFCM and brought together by the AdriaMed project, work in conjunction towards joint regional management of the shared fish stocks. By giving a sound scientific advice the WGSPS (Working group on Small Pelagic Stocks) contributes to a coordinated management of small pelagic fisheries of the Adriatic Sea and thus enables a sustainable exploitation of the shared pelagic fish stocks. So far the VPA (Virtual Population Analysis) and ICA (integrated catch-at-age) stock assessment methods have been used to determine the SSB (spawning stock biomass) of anchovy and sardine in the GSA 17 and 18. The collection of the data needed for this type of stock assessment has thus far been carried out in the framework of the DCF. Slovenia wishes to keep the continuity in the data acquisition of these shared stocks that started in 2006 in order to be able to contribute to their regional management scheme.

For all other species the landings by weight correspond to less than 10 % of the total Community landings and to less than 200 tonnes (Table III.E.1: List of required stocks).

III E 1 (b) Type of data collection

Slovenia will apply Probability Sample Survey collection scheme for the collection of biological stock-related variables.

III E 1 (c) Target and frame population

The target populations for *Engraulis encrasicolus* and *Sardina pilchardus* as defined from the Appendix VII of Commission Decision 2008/949/EC are the Adriatic stocks. Since Slovenian fishermen only fish a small part of the GSA 17 (FAO 2.1) area, the frame populations are the annual landings of both species from this small area. Thus the frame population is substantially smaller than the target population.

III E 1 (d) Sampling stratification and allocation scheme

Stratification of annual landings will be done as follows: each species (2) will be separated by month (12), type of fishing method (2) and home port (1). Each of the 12 samples that we have will be sampled at least once a year.

III E 2 Estimation procedures

At the beginning samples are gathered at the port by purchasing the boxes directly from the selected boats. We take one box of each species from both pelagic trawlers and purse seiners each month.

The maximum total length is measured as the overall length, the tail being extended following its longer dimension. The measurement precision is one millimetre.

Weighing is done when most of the liquid drains off and measurement precision is 0,1 gram.

The sex is defined following four categories: male, female, and undetermined (impossible to determine) and not determine (the individual has not been examined). The sexual maturity is defined with reference to the identification key given in Annex 2, according to the MEDITS Instruction Manual.

Age is determined by macrostructural-level otolith (*sagitta*) reading. The reading is carried out with a stereomicroscope under reflected light. Counting of bands or rings is always carried out from the central zone to the marginal zone. Both otoliths of an individual are read and the readings are carried out by at least two separate readers. If, on comparison, the readings results are non-homogenous, a third reader is required (Morales-Nin, 1987).

The weight at age, length at age, maturity at age and sex ratio at age for the landing is assumed to be the same as for the sample and will be calculated as the sample mean for each age. We will estimate these parameters with coefficient of variation (CV; equation III E 3). We do not do any further analysis of the collected data.

III E 3 Data quality evaluation

Both species for which the stock-related variables will be collected can be aged. Average weights and lengths for each age will be estimated at precision level 3. Maturity, fecundity and sex ratio will be referenced to age and estimated at precision level 3.

We will estimate parameters with a coefficient of variation (CV).
(<https://datacollection.jrc.ec.europa.eu/ade/precision-level-dcf>)

$$CV = \frac{S}{\mu}$$

Where:

S = standard deviation

μ = sample mean

III E 4 Data presentation

The data presentation will be prepared upon request according to the specifications given in the call.

III E 5 Regional coordination

According to EU council regulation 199/2008 and Report of the 6th Regional Coordination meeting for the Mediterranean and Black seas (RCM Med & BS) from 2009:

List of the main RCM Mediterranean and Black Sea recommendations (Biological data):

RCM (Med & BS) recommendations	Slovenian responsive actions
Sampling strategy – landings shall be coordinated with countries in the MS from the same region and non EU countries	Slovenian sampling of landings is performed according to the standards in the community program. So far Slovenia doesn't cooperate with Italy and Croatia in the sampling of the landings although we agreed on using the

	same sampling protocol for sampling landings of sardine and anchovy. So far none of the above mentioned countries is landing their catches in Slovenian ports.
Discards – regionally coordinated sampling programs	Slovenia is considering the métier-oriented sampling scheme according to 2009 RCM Med&BS recommendations, during which all discarded organisms are monitored, not only fish.
Recreational fisheries data	Slovenia is gathering data from all fishermen on the sea except from the ones fishing from the shore. Majority of all recreational fishermen is organized in clubs and is obligated to keep the data of retained catches. Their catch also represents about 95% of all catch of recreational fishermen in Slovenia. Random sampling is also performed during the at sea inspections.
Attendance to the RCM meetings	Slovenia is attending RCM meetings
Stock related variables Exemption rules for the Mediterranean	Considering the exemption rules, of all the fish species landed yearly in Slovenian ports, only sardine and anchovy reach the needed threshold for sampling. Bluefin tuna is only caught extremely rarely and as a by-catch, therefore sampling is not sensible. Results are also exchanged and discussed with other Adriatic countries during ADRIAMED meetings.
Metier variables : Standard description of ranked metiers	Slovenia is respecting the agreed naming conventions of fishing grounds and metiers and the deadlines for submissions of the data.
Use of different maturity scales by MS for demersal and small pelagic fish- recommendation to use Medits and Medias scales	Slovenia is able to convert the scales for small pelagic fish (sardine and anchovy) to the ones agreed at the ICES Workshop in Mazara del Vallo in 2008, for the reports, using the conversion keys. For the demersal fish sampling, Slovenia also converts the scale for the reports, to the MEDITS protocol scale.
Workshops on sexual maturity stages of Elasmobranches and Cephalopods.	Slovenia is planning to attend both of those workshops in 2010.
Follow up of the STECF proposal to enlarge list of sharks	According to Decision EU 93/2010 Slovenia did include sharks from the appendix 7 of the above Decision in the Table III.E.1., but none of those species is sampled due to not being present in the landings or their landings are negligible.
COST Project Workshop	Slovenia already participated in the COST workshop with 2 scientists

WKPRECISE Project Workshop	Slovenia had no participants in that meeting
Regional databases	Slovenia already presented the Inforib database at the 2009 RCM
MEDIAS	Slovenia is participating in this project from the 2007 with the help of Italian vessel G. Dallaporta with its crew, as a part of Italian North Adriatic Survey. Two stations are also sampled onboard with the same pelagic trawling net for the whole survey. Slovenian scientists are present onboard and we are doing our best to send one person on the vessel for the whole survey in the future.
MEDITS	Slovenia is participating in this project since 1995 with the help of Italian vessel Andrea with its crew. Two stations (hauls) are performed in Slovenian territorial waters using the MEDITS bottom trawling net. Samples are taken and all the biological data is processed in our laboratory. After that reports are prepared for the data calls.
MEDITS and MEDIAS representatives independent participation in RCM meetings	According to the very low number of people in marine fisheries research department (3), Slovenia is already sending MEDITS (MEDIAS) representatives to the RCM meetings. Slovenian biological representative is therefore involved in both surveys.

III E 6 Derogations and non conformities

Slovenia would like to continue with samplings of *Engraulis encrasicolus* and *Sardina pilchardus*. Although in last three years the average landing of named two species fell under 200 tonnes in average. Slovenia would like to sample two of it's most important species. Slovenia wishes to keep the continuity in the data acquisition of these shared stocks that started in 2006 in order to be able to contribute to their regional management scheme.

Slovenia is asking for the derogation regarding the biological samplings for individual parameter measurements of age (reading of otholits) for MEDITS species *Merluccius merluccius* and *Mullus barbatus* and *Mullus surmuletus*. Landings of named species are less than 200 tonnes. Monitoring of these species would have substantial costs, while their share in quantity and value of catch is negligible and the cost of analysis would by far exceed the possibilities of cost-efficient sampling strategies.

III F Transversal variables

Transversal variables (landings and effort data) will be collected for all vessels active at any point in time of the previous year. Capacity data will be collected for vessels registered on 1 January 2011.

III F 1 Capacity

III F 1 1 Data acquisition

Fishing capacity data are part of the Fleet Vessel Register Module of the information system InfoRib. The Fleet Register data will be integrated with other sources of data in order to obtain data at the level of fleet segments and at the level of métiers.

In order to obtain the data according to Appendix VIII there were two data sources used: Fleet Vessel Register data and Logbook data. The populations for data collection are all vessels in the Fleet Vessel Register (predicted to be) on the individual year (from 1 January 2011 on).

The following variables will be collected on the annual basis:

Number of vessels

This variable will be collected on the fleet segment and métier basis from Module FVR.

Fleet segmentation was made on the basis of the logbook data and the fleets register data. The process was as follows:

The vessels were distributed into fleet segments on the basis of Appendix III to the Commission Decision.

All vessels from the FVR are covered. The segmentation is calculated for the data of the last year, as provided by the Commission Decision. It uses the logbooks data as the source. If the vessel was inactive it is clearly stated. In classifying a vessel into the appropriate segment, the segmentation (table) in Appendix III is taken into account, which is divided into active and passive gears:

- if the vessel has used any of its gears more than 50 % of the time during the last year (time fishing using this fishing gear; source: logbooks), the vessel is automatically classified into the appropriate segment in accordance with Appendix III;
- if the aforementioned condition is not fulfilled for any of fishing gears used, it is checked, whether the vessel is polyvalent within the group of active or passive fishing gears;
- if the vessel has been using active as well as passive fishing gears during the last year, it is classified into a special group of polyvalent gears (in accordance with Appendix III).

The data from logbooks were taken into account for the previous 2 years.

The segmentation on the basis of the métier was made in the following way:

The system takes a logbook and considers which fishing gear was used to make the catch. The logbook is classified into a particular métier with respect to which gear is in the logbook. In case there are different target species for a particular gear, the primary target species is calculated on the basis of the catch and, in this way, the logbook is classified into the appropriate métier. The described methodology is currently prepared only for the species of cephalopods and finfish, namely when using the gears Hand and Pole lines (LHP, LHM).

GT

This variable will be collected on the fleet segment basis from Module FVR.

kW

This variable will be collected on the fleet segment basis from Module FVR.

Vessel Age

This variable will be collected on the fleet segment basis from Module FVR.

III F 1 2 Data quality evaluation

The quality of the data is ensured since all vessels are taken into account.

Data will be collected to cover all the parameters mentioned in Appendix VIII according to the segmentation set out in Appendix III. In the monitoring program, all fishing vessels will be included.

III F 2 Effort

III F 2 1 Data acquisition

The following parameters will be collected:

Days at Sea

The information will be collected from the logbooks. The data are calculated by taking the number of hours during the interval between the departure from the port and the arrival and this is converted into days.

Hours fished

The data will be collected from the logbooks and namely for the gears dredges and trawls. The data will be collected from the logbooks, where the information on the duration of fishing in minutes is recorded. The data will be converted into hours.

Fishing days

The data will be taken from the logbooks, where the information on the duration of fishing in minutes is recorded. The data will be converted into days.

KW*Fishing Days

The data will be collected from the logbooks and namely for the gears dredges and trawls.

GT*Fishing Days

The data will be collected from the logbooks and namely for the gears dredges and trawls.

Number of trips

The data will be collected from the logbooks and will be equal to the number of logbooks for a particular vessel.

Number of rigs

The data will be collected from the logbooks.

Number of fishing operations

The data will be collected only for purse seines. It will be taken from the logbooks.

Number of Nets, Length

The data on the number of nets will be collected from the logbooks, while the data on the length of nets will be in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) No 1967/2006.

Number of hooks, Number of lines

The data will be collected from the logbooks.

Number of pots, traps

The data will be collected from the logbooks.

Soaking time

The data will be collected from the logbooks for all passive fishing gears.

III F 2 2 Data quality evaluation

The quality of the data is ensured since all vessels are taken into account.

The data will be collected to cover all the parameters mentioned in Appendix VIII according to the segmentation set out in Appendix III. In the monitoring program all fishing vessels will be included.

III F 2 3 Data presentation

Final data for Capacity and Effort will be available in the end of June for the previous year.

III F 2 4 Regional coordination

No regional coordination is expected.

III F 2 5 Derogations and non conformities

No derogations and non-conformities are expected.

III F 3 Landings

Final data will be available in the end of December for the previous year. So, the data for 2010 will be available in December 2011, the data for 2011 will be available in December 2012 and the data for 2012 will be available in December 2013.

According to confidentiality, Slovenia will have to combine fleet segments. Slovenia will cluster segments of different lengths which are using similar gears.

The list of segments for which problems of confidentiality might arise:

- Drift and fixed netters 12 - 18 m
- Demersal trawlers and demersal seiners 06 - 12 m
- Demersal trawlers and demersal seiners 12 - 18 m
- Vessel using pots and traps 00 - 06 m
- Vessel using pots and traps 12 - 18 m
- Vessels using polyvalent passive gears only 06 - 12 m
- Vessels using active and passive gears 00 - 06 m
- Vessels using active and passive gears 06 - 12 m
- Vessels using active and passive gears 12 - 18 m
- Purse seiners 06 - 12m
- Purse seiners 12 - 18 m

III F 3 1 Data acquisition

The target populations for data collection are all vessels from the Slovenian Fleet Register as of 1 January 2011. Landings data will be collected for all vessels, regardless of the length of vessel. So the data about landings will be collected for vessel less than 10 meters and for vessels longer than 10 meters.

Value of landings total and per commercial species

The data on the quantity of landings will be collected from the logbooks, while the price of the fish will be collected from the sales notes or through the use of a survey questionnaire.

On the basis of both kinds of data the value of all landings in Euros per species will be calculated and namely for the métiers as well as for fleet segments.

There was no specific action taken for vessels under 10 meters.

Live weight of landings total and per species

The data is the same as the above data, because Slovenian fishermen land exclusively whole fish.

Price by commercial species

Average price per species – prices in Euros per kilo live weight without the VAT; the data will be collected from sales notes or through the use of a survey questionnaire.

Conversion factor per species

The presentation of landed fisheries products in Slovenia is usually “whole”. The only exception is for cartilaginous fish (around 2000 kg per year), mainly *Mustelus mustelus* which was landed as “filets” (skin, head and gut off). Currently we do not have any conversion factors for the fish mentioned.

III F 3 2 Data quality evaluation

The quality of the data is ensured since all vessels are taken into account. As a type of data collection Slovenia will use census. Census attempts to collect data from all members of a population. This would include collection of data from administrative records, as well as other cases in which data are derived from sources originally compiled for non-statistical purposes

All parameters will be gathered with the help of more sources which guarantees the cross-checking of data.

The prices of fish will be collected through questionnaires and sales notes. For cross-checking purposes the data from AJ PES – income and quantity of catch acquired from logbooks will be used (total income / total catch = price per kg).

The data will be collected to cover all the parameters mentioned in Appendix VIII according to the segmentation set out in Appendix III. In the monitoring program, all fishing vessels will be included.

III F 3 3 Data presentation

Final data for landings will be available in the end of October for the previous year.

III F 3 4 Regional coordination

No regional coordination is expected.

III F 3 5 Derogations and non conformities

No derogations and non-conformities are expected.

III G Research surveys at sea

III G 1 Planned surveys

MEDITS

The aim of the survey is to monitor demersal species (spatial and temporal distribution, abundance indices) in Slovenian territorial waters following the MEDITS Instruction Manual, Version 6 (2012) (<http://www.sibm.it/MEDITS%202011/docs/Medits-Handbook-2012%20versione%20definitiva.pdf>).

The survey is performed in one day with the MEDITS bottom trawl net, performing two samplings in sea fishing area of the Republic of Slovenia (Figure 1).

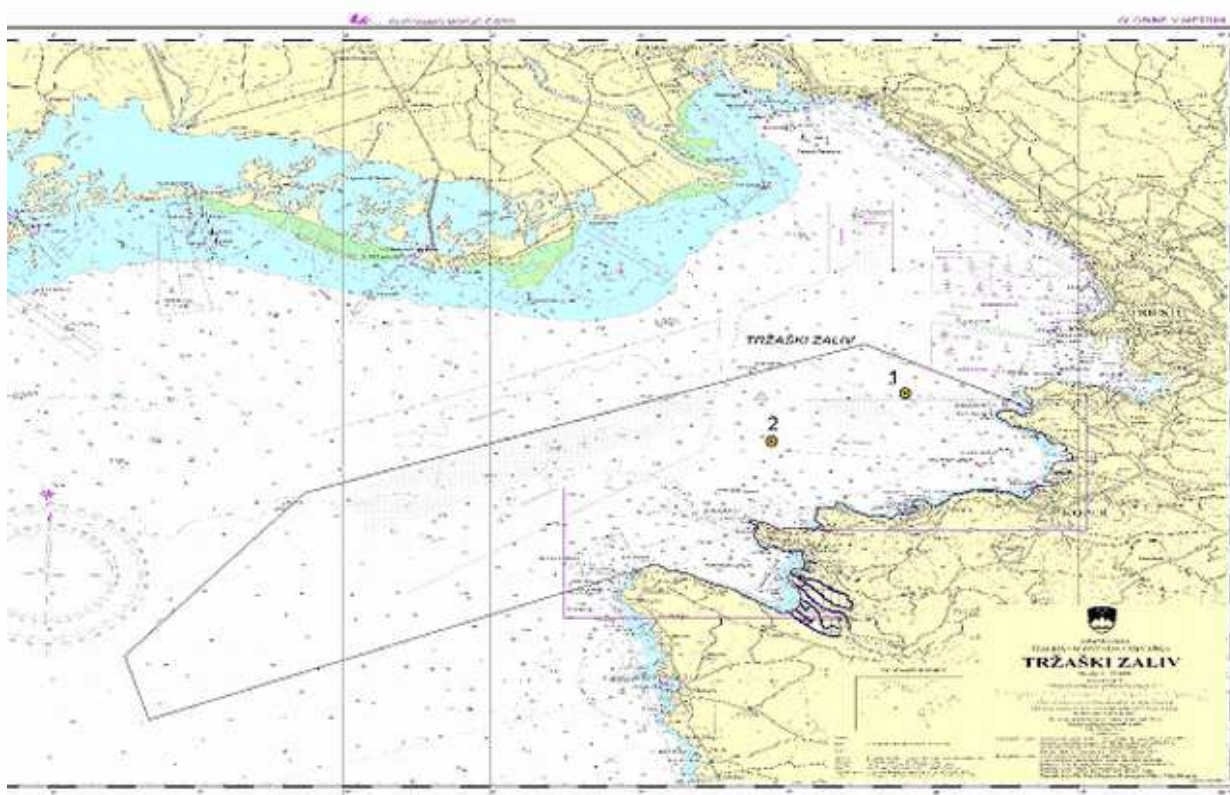


Figure 1: MEDITS sampling stations in sea fishing area of the Republic of Slovenia. (Map 1; base map source: Ministry of Transport of the Republic of Slovenia).

All captured fish that are not target species are counted and weighed altogether, MEDITS survey target species are taken to our laboratory, weighed, measured, and their sex and sexual maturity are determined. Therefore ecosystem indicators 4 are collected. The data are stored in the national database.

The suitability of the survey for the calculation of the ecosystem indicators according to the definition, the required data and the precision level in Appendix XIII are primarily suitable for the codes 1, 2 and 3 since we are not determining any ages at all (standard MEDITS protocol). The numbers of fish and species caught also vary a lot. The survey is performed once a year at the same two MEDITS sampling stations with the standard MEDITS sampling net. Maximum number of eligible days according to the Decision 949/2008 for our region is 410.

Reference species	code	total number	total weight	individual length	sex	maturity stage	age	individual weight	Reference species	code	total number	total weight	individual length	sex	maturity stage	age	individual weight
<i>Aspitrigla cuculus</i>	ASPICUC	x	x	x					<i>Dipturus batis</i>	RAJABAT	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Boops boops</i>	BOOPBOO	x	x	x					<i>Dipturus oxyrinchus</i>	RAJAOXY	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Citharus linguatula</i>	CITHMAC	x	x	x					<i>Etmopterus spinax</i>	ETMOSPI	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Diplodus annularis</i>	DIPLANN	x	x	x					<i>Galeorhinus galeus</i>	GALEGAL	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Diplodus puntazzo</i>	DIPLPUN	x	x	x					<i>Galeus melastomus</i>	GALUMEL	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Diplodus sargus</i>	DIPLSAR	x	x	x					<i>Heptranchias perlo</i>	HEPTPER	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Diplodus vulgaris</i>	DIPLVUL	x	x	x					<i>Hexanchus griseus</i>	HEXAGRI	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Engraulis encrasicolus</i>	ENGRENC	x	x	x					<i>Leucoraja circularis</i>	RAJACIR	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Epinephelus aeneus</i>	EPINAEN	x	x	x					<i>Leucoraja melitensis</i>	RAJAMEL	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Epinephelus costae</i>	EPINALE	x	x	x					<i>Mustelus asterias</i>	MUSTAST	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Epinephelus caninus</i>	EPINCAN	x	x	x					<i>Mustelus mustelus</i>	MUSTMUS	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Epinephelus marginatus</i>	EPINGUA	x	x	x					<i>Mustelus punctulatus</i>	MUSTPUN	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Eutrigla gurnardus</i>	EUTRGUR	x	x	x					<i>Myliobatis aquila</i>	MYLIAQU	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Helicolenus dactylopterus</i>	HELIDAC	x	x	x					<i>Oxynotus centrina</i>	OXYNCEN	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Lepidorhombus boschii</i>	LEPMBOS	x	x	x					<i>Raja asterias</i>	RAJAAST	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Lithognathus mormyrus</i>	LITHMOR	x	x	x					<i>Raja clavata</i>	RAJACLA	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Lophius budegassa</i>	LOPHBUD	x	x	x					<i>Raja miraletus</i>	RAJAMIR	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Lophius piscatorius</i>	LOPHPIS	x	x	x					<i>Raja polistigma</i>	RAJAPOL	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Merluccius merluccius</i>	MERLMER	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	<i>Raja undulata</i>	RAJAUND	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Micromesistius poutassou</i>	MICMPOU	x	x	x					<i>Rhinobatos cemiculus</i>	RHINCEM	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Mullus barbatus</i>	MULLBAR	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	<i>Rhinobatos rhinobatos</i>	RHINRHI	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Mullus surmuletus</i>	MULLSUR	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	<i>Rostroraja alba</i>	RAJAALB	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Pagellus acarne</i>	PAGEACA	x	x	x					<i>Scyliorhinus canicula</i>	SCYOCAN	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Pagellus bogaraveo</i>	PAGEBOG	x	x	x					<i>Scyliorhinus stellaris</i>	SCYOSTE	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Pagellus erythrinus</i>	PAGEERY	x	x	x					<i>Squalus acanthias</i>	SQUAACA	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Pagrus pagrus</i>	SPARPAG	x	x	x					<i>Squalus blainvillei</i>	SQUABLA	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Phycis blennoides</i>	PHYIBLE	x	x	x					<i>Squalus aculeata</i>	SQUACU	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Polyprius americanus</i>	POLYAME	x	x	x					<i>Squatina oculata</i>	SQUOCL	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Psetta maxima</i>	PSETMAX	x	x	x					<i>Squatina squatina</i>	SQUOTSQU	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Sardina pilchardus</i>	SARDPIL	x	x	x					<i>Torpedo marmorata</i>	TORPMAR	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Scomber colias</i>	SCOMPNE	x	x	x					<i>Aristeomorpha foliacea</i>	ARISFOL	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Scomber scombrus</i>	SCOMSCO	x	x	x					<i>Aristeus antennatus</i>	ARITANT	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Solea vulgaris</i>	SOLEVUL	x	x	x					<i>Nephrops norvegicus</i>	NEPRNOR	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Spicara flexuosa</i>	SPICFLE	x	x	x					<i>Parapenaeus longirostris</i>	PAPELON	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Spicara maena</i>	SPICMAE	x	x	x					<i>Palinurus elephas</i>	PALIELE	x	x	x				
<i>Spicara smaris</i>	SPICSMA	x	x	x					<i>Penaeus kerathurus</i>	PENAKER	x	x	x				
<i>Trachurus mediterraneus</i>	TRACMED	x	x	x					<i>Squilla mantis</i>	SQUIMAN	x	x	x				
<i>Trachurus trachurus</i>	TRACTRA	x	x	x					<i>Eledone cirrosa</i>	ELED CIR	x	x	x				
<i>Trigla lucerna</i>	TRIGLUC	x	x	x					<i>Eledone moschata</i>	ELED MOS	x	x	x				
<i>Trigloporus lastoviza</i>	TRIPLAS	x	x	x					<i>Illex coindettii</i>	ILLECOI	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Trisopterus minutus capelanus</i>	TRISCAP	x	x	x					<i>Loligo vulgaris</i>	LOLIVUL	x	x	x	x	x		x
<i>Zeus faber</i>	ZEUSFAB	x	x	x					<i>Octopus vulgaris</i>	OCTOVUL	x	x	x				
<i>Centrophorus granulosus</i>	CENTGRA	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	<i>Sepia officinalis</i>	SEPIOFF	x	x	x				
<i>Dalatias licha</i>	SCYMLIC	x	x	x	x	x		x	<i>Todarodes sagittatus</i>	TODASAG	x	x	x				

Table 3: MEDITS reference species (MEDITS Instruction Manual, Version 6 (2012)).

MEDIAS

The aim of the echo-survey is to monitor small pelagic species (spatial and temporal distribution, abundance indices) in Slovenian territorial waters following the MEDIAS protocol.

The survey in Slovenian waters is a small part of joint North Adriatic Echo-survey performed by Italian scientists from CNR ISMAR of Ancona (<http://www.ismar.cnr.it/>) with the research vessel G. Dallaporta each year, usually in September or October. The survey is performed in one day by echo-sounding the track of the protocol for Northern Adriatic including two samplings with MEDIAS pelagic trawl net in sea fishing area of the Republic of Slovenia (Figure 2).

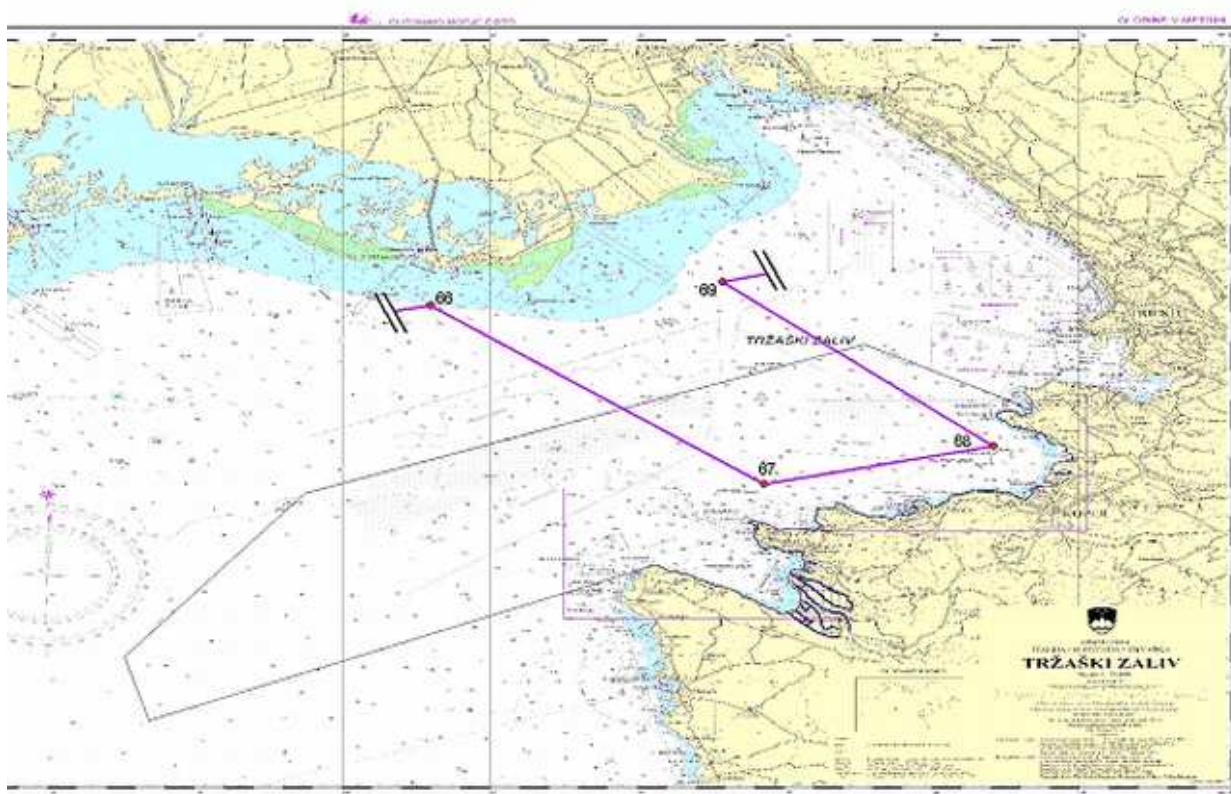


Figure 2: MEDIAS sampling transects in sea fishing area of the Republic of Slovenia (Map2; base map source: Ministry of Transport of the Republic of Slovenia).

Species code	Scientific name
PIL	<i>Sardina pilchardus</i>
ANE	<i>Engraulis encrasicolus</i>

Table 4: MEDIAS target species.

All other species are divided into:

1. other pelagic species (OPS)
2. fish without swim bladder (OPS - SVN)
3. demersal species.

All captured fish that are not target species are determined, counted and weighted altogether, following the MEDIAS protocol. MEDIAS survey target species are counted and weighted, measured, their sex is determined, their sexual maturity is determined and up to 10 specimens from each length class are prepared for otolith reading in the laboratory in Ancona.

Data (echo-track) is stored in the Italian database for the joint survey of northern Adriatic Echo-survey, and the results of two samples of fish caught in Slovenian waters are (besides Italian) also stored in the Slovenian database.

Maximum number of eligible days according to the Decision 949/2008 for our region is 185.

III G 2 Modifications in the surveys

There are no changes of the foreseen surveys.

III G 3 Data presentation

Data from MEDITS survey (Slovenian stations) are normally available 30 days after the survey.

Data from MEDIAS survey (only fish caught at Slovenian stations) are normally available 30 days after the survey.

Complete data from MEDIAS survey (echograms etc.) are stored in Italian database and are available according to Italian abilities. The data are reported to the end users and to data calls together with the Italian data from Italian authorities.

III G 4 Regional coordination

Regional coordination for both surveys is limited to coordination meetings (one for each survey) that take place every year before the survey actually starts.

III G 5 Derogations and non conformities

Slovenia is asking for the derogation regarding the biological samplings for individual parameter measurements of age (reading of otoliths) for MEDITS species *Merluccius merluccius* and *Mullus barbatus* and *Mullus surmuletus*. Landings of named species are less than 200 tonnes. Monitoring of these species would have substantial costs, while their share in quantity and value of catch is negligible and the cost of analysis would by far exceed the possibilities of cost-efficient sampling strategies.

IV Module of the evaluation of the economic situation of the aquaculture and the processing industry

IV A Collection of economic data for the aquaculture

IV A 1 General description of the aquaculture sector

In 2011 were 10 companies in Slovenia dealing with shellfish farming, primarily with mussel farming (Mediterranean mussel). The shellfish are farmed using hanging ropes that are attached to rafts.

In the same year was only one company engaged in breeding of fish. Main species for breeding is sea bass. Main farming techniques is breeding in cages.

In 2010 the turnover was €310.000,00 in 2011 the turnover has increase by 72 % and amounted €533.000,00. The total sales volume increase by 303% from 2010 to 2011 and it was 124,68 tons in 2010 and 502,10 tons in 2011. Increased turnover and sales volume was the result of prohibiting of the sale of shellfish in Slovenia, most of the year 2010, because of the phytotoxic organisms and large investments in Slovenian Marine aquaculture facilities in 2011.

The main segments in the Slovenian aquaculture sector are Sea bass & Sea bream cages (seg3.4) and Mussel rafts (seg7.1).

Data will be collected only for the marine species.

The number of aquaculture facilities is adjusted with the Central register of aquaculture and commercial ponds which is operated by MAE.

IV A 2 Data acquisition

IV A 2 (a) Definition of variables

The economic variables will be collected on the basis of Council Regulation (EC) No 199/2008 and the Appendix X of the Commission Decision. The data will be collected on a yearly basis. The population pertains to the enterprises whose main activity is aquaculture. The data will be segmented by species and the farming technique, as provided in Appendix XI to the Multi annual Community Program.

The collection of data for fresh water species is not mandatory.

The target population is all aquaculture sectors in Slovenia. In 2008 there were eight and in 2009 there were twelve companies in Slovenia.

The national program for collection of economic data for the aquaculture sector combines information from three main resources:

1. Questionnaire information returned from the aquaculture sector on a voluntary basis,
2. Data base: 'Central register of aquaculture and commercial fish pond infrastructure' from MAE,
3. The annual accounts of business enterprises.

The data collected from all sources are combined in such a way that a complete set of accounting items is compared for each business enterprise. Most of the data will be cross-checked, e.g. all costs from questionnaires will be checked with the costs from annual accounts, income from questionnaire will be

checked with the income from annual accounts, etc. For checking the data will also be used databases from other public services such as Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia, Chamber of Commerce and Industry of Slovenia etc.

The imputed value of unpaid labor:

This is considered to be work that is not remunerated in the usual sense of the word (non-salaried work) and is therefore regarded as unpaid labor. In this case, the owner does not receive a “salary” in the sense that a hired worker would, but receives an emolument due to the capital invested (in the form of the cages and other physical capital) in addition to the emolument for labor. This income belongs to him in the form of “mixed income” if he is a natural person or registered as a private entrepreneur or in the form of an operating surplus if the owner is registered as a legal person.

Both categories are calculated indirectly by first evaluating the production and then subtracting from it the production costs (intermediate consumption), the depreciation of physical capital (consumption of fixed capital), total employment costs (gross salaries + employer’s contributions), adding subsidies and subtracting taxes. What remains is the income of the owner, who is at the same time the owner of the enterprise, i.e. the mixed income or the operating surplus, depending on how the owner is registered.

Slovenia will take into account also the value of unpaid work of family members older than 13 years (work is prohibited by law for a person younger than 13 years). Through questionnaires Slovenia will receive information on the number of working hours of family members. Number of working hours will be multiplied by the average value of paid working hour in each company.

FTE is defined as follows (using a threshold of 2,000 hours):

- each employee working annually 2,000 hours or more is counted as one FTE;
- each employee working less than 2,000 hours per year is counted as a percentage of a FTE according to the number of hours worked in relation to the threshold of 2,000 hours. If the annual working hours per employee exceed the reference level, the FTE equals 1 per employee;
- working time is the time spent on a fish farm and related activities on board or on shore.

For FTE National Slovenia will use a threshold of 2088 hours.

List and description of the economic data for aquaculture sector

Income

Turnover: the data will be collected through the use of survey questionnaires and from accounting records – AJPES.

Subsidies – including direct payments and excluding social benefit payments and indirect subsidies: the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES and from financial records of the MAE and the Ministry of Finance.

Other income: the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES.

Personnel costs:

Wages and salaries: the costs of gross wages and salaries – the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES.

Imputed value of unpaid labour: the data will be collected through the use of a survey questionnaire and calculation according to the chosen methodology.

Energy costs

Energy costs: the data on the quantity and type of energy will be collected through the use of a survey questionnaire, the data on energy costs will be collected from accounting records - AJPES.

Raw material costs

Livestock costs: the data will be collected through the use of survey questionnaires and from accounting records – AJPES.

Feed costs: the data will be collected through the use of survey questionnaires and from accounting records – AJPES.

Repair and maintenance costs

Repair and maintenance: the data will be collected through the use of survey questionnaires.

Other operational costs

Other operational costs – including packaging costs: the data will be collected from accounting records and through the use of a survey questionnaire.

Capital costs

Depreciation of capital: the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES and through the use of a survey questionnaire.

Financial costs, net – interest costs of capital: the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES and through the use of a survey questionnaire.

Extraordinary costs, net

Extraordinary costs, net: the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES and through the use of a survey questionnaire.

Capital value

Total value of assets – accumulated value of all net investments into the enterprise at the end of the year: the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES.

Investments

Net investments – purchase and sale of assets during the year: the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES and through the use of a survey questionnaire.

Debt

Debt – at the end of the year: the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES.

Raw material volume

Livestock: the data will be collected by survey questionnaires.

Fish feed: the data will be collected by survey questionnaires.

Volume of sales

Volume of sales per species: the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES and through the use of a survey questionnaire.

Employment

Number of persons employed: the data will be collected through the use of survey questionnaires and from accounting records – AJPES.

FTE National – full-time employees: the data will be collected through the use of survey questionnaires and from accounting records – AJPES.

Data on employment will be collected by gender from 2011.

Number of enterprises

Numbers of enterprises - the enterprises are classified by size category with regard to the number of persons employed (up to 10, from 6 to 10 and more than 10 persons employed): the data will be collected through the use of records of companies and records of the Veterinary Administration of Slovenia.

Explanatory notes with regard to the collection of economic variables for the aquaculture sector

The imputed value of unpaid labour

This is considered to be work that is not remunerated in the usual sense of the word (non-salaried work) and is therefore regarded as unpaid labour. In this case, the owner does not receive a “salary” in the sense that a hired worker would, but receives an emolument due to the capital invested (in the form of the cages and other physical capital) in addition to the emolument for labour. This income belongs to him in the form of “mixed income” if he is a natural person or registered as a private entrepreneur or in the form of an operating surplus if the owner is registered as a legal person.

Both categories are calculated indirectly by first evaluating the production and then subtracting from it the production costs (intermediate consumption), the depreciation of physical capital (consumption of fixed capital), total employment costs (gross salaries + employer’s contributions), adding subsidies and subtracting taxes. What remains is the income of the owner, who is at the same time the owner of the enterprise, i.e. the mixed income or the operating surplus, depending on how the owner is registered.

FTE is defined as follows (using a threshold of 2,000 hours):

- each employee working annually 2,000 hours or more is counted as one FTE;
- each employee working less than 2,000 hours per year is counted as a percentage of a FTE according to the number of hours worked in relation to the threshold of 2,000 hours.

For National FTE Slovenia will use a threshold of 2088 hours.

The methodology for the estimation of employment will be in accordance with the Study FISH/2005/14.

Yearly depreciation cost

The depreciation is calculated with regard to the original cost of the physical capital, reduced for the imputed residual value. It is calculated using the straight-line method and using the following depreciation rates:

1. buildings 2,5 % - 5 %,
2. equipment 8 % - 33 %,
3. fishing vessels 5 %,
4. computer equipment 30 % - 50 %.

Value of physical capital

The physical capital is evaluated according to the cost model. The actual purchase cost of the physical capital encompasses the purchase price of the physical capital as well as all the costs that can be directly attributed to its qualification for the intended use.

Data collection procedure

Firstly, a note will be sent to everyone that the collection of economic data on the basis of EC Regulation is to be commenced. At the same time, the economic operators will be informed that within the coming days they will receive a survey questionnaire to their address, which they should examine and together with their accountants collect the relevant data. The cooperating operators will be asked to propose a date when they can be visited in order to examine the survey questionnaire together and to resolve possible problems and difficulties.

The economic data, based on accounting categories, will pertain to the calendar year, i.e. from 1 January to 31 December of the respective year. For the previous year, these data are usually available after half the year following the elapsed calendar year.

IV A 2 (b) Type of data collection

As a type of data collection Slovenia will use census. Census attempts to collect data from all members of a population. This would include collection of data from administrative records, as well as other cases in which data are derived from sources originally compiled for non-statistical purposes.

IV A 2 (c) Target and frame population

The target population is all aquaculture sectors in Slovenia. In 2008 there were eight and in 2009 there were twelve companies in Slovenia.

The national program for collection of economic data for the aquaculture sector combines information from three main resources:

1. Questionnaire information returned from the aquaculture sector on a voluntary basis,
2. Data base: 'Central register of aquaculture and commercial fish pond infrastructure' from MAE,
3. The annual accounts of business enterprises.

The data collected from all sources are combined in such a way that a complete set of accounting items is compared for each business enterprise. Most of the data will be cross-checked, e.g. all costs from questionnaires will be checked with the costs from annual accounts, income from questionnaire will be checked with the income from annual accounts, etc. For checking the data will also be used databases from other public services such as Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia, Chamber of Commerce and Industry of Slovenia etc.

The imputed value of unpaid labor:

This is considered to be work that is not remunerated in the usual sense of the word (non-salaried work) and is therefore regarded as unpaid labor. In this case, the owner does not receive a

“salary” in the sense that a hired worker would, but receives an emolument due to the capital invested (in the form of the cages and other physical capital) in addition to the emolument for labor. This income belongs to him in the form of “mixed income” if he is a natural person or registered as a private entrepreneur or in the form of an operating surplus if the owner is registered as a legal person.

Both categories are calculated indirectly by first evaluating the production and then subtracting from it the production costs (intermediate consumption), the depreciation of physical capital (consumption of fixed capital), total employment costs (gross salaries + employer’s contributions), adding subsidies and subtracting taxes. What remains is the income of the owner, who is at the same time the owner of the enterprise, i.e. the mixed income or the operating surplus, depending on how the owner is registered.

Slovenia will take into account also the value of unpaid work of family members older than 13 years (work is prohibited by law for a person younger than 13 years). Through questionnaires Slovenia will receive information on the number of working hours of family members. Number of working hours will be multiplied by the average value of paid working hour in each company.

FTE is defined as follows (using a threshold of 2,000 hours):

- each employee working annually 2,000 hours or more is counted as one FTE;
- each employee working less than 2,000 hours per year is counted as a percentage of a FTE according to the number of hours worked in relation to the threshold of 2,000 hours. If the annual working hours per employee exceed the reference level, the FTE equals 1 per employee;
- working time is the time spent on a fish farm and related activities on board or on shore.

For FTE National Slovenia will use a threshold of 2088 hours.

IV A 2 (d) Data sources

The program for collection of economic data for the aquaculture sector combines information from three main resources:

1. Questionnaire information returned from the aquaculture sector on a voluntary basis,
2. Data base: ‘Central register of aquaculture and commercial fish pond infrastructure’ from MAE,
3. The annual accounts of business enterprises.

IV A 2 (e) Sampling stratification and allocation scheme

Slovenia will not use sampling.

IV A 3 Estimation

As a type of data collection Slovenia will use census. In the case of a census with non-responses, Slovenia will be estimated variables using method of extrapolation. Extrapolation is based on the assumption that trends in the observations will continue outside the range for which data are known. Slovenia will extrapolate data for each segment separately, so that there will be no errors due to different values in different segments.

Extrapolation formula:

$$\bar{a} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (a_i)}{n}$$

$$A = N \cdot \bar{a}$$

A - total value of the parameter,
a_i - value of the parameter,
n – number of data with known value a,
N – total number of data,
 \bar{a} - average value of the parameter.

IV A 4 Data quality evaluation

Economic data on the aquaculture sector will be collected from accounting records – AJPES and through questionnaires that will be sent to the entire aquaculture sector in Slovenia and that should to be returned to Ministry for Agriculture and Environment for subsequent analysis.

The program for collection of economic data for the aquaculture sector combines information from three main resources:

1. Questionnaire information returned from the aquaculture sector on a voluntary basis,
2. Data base: 'The central register of aquaculture and commercial ponds' from MAE,
3. The annual accounts of business enterprises.

The data collected from all sources are combined in such a way that a complete set of accounting items is compared for each business enterprise.

The target population is all aquaculture sector in Slovenia. There are approximately eighteen companies in Slovenia.

A survey (questionnaire, with personal contact) will be carried out on an annual basis to provide data on all the parameters. All enterprises will be given lengthy questionnaire, which will be developed by group of experts.

Data will be collected on the whole population of processing enterprises so we do not expect any problems in achieving good quality of the data

IV A 5 Data presentation

Final data will be available at the end of October for the previous year.

According to confidentiality, Slovenia will have to combine the data. In segment "Cages - sea bass & sea bream" was just one operator in 2008 and in segment "Rafts – shellfish" were seven operators in the same year. According to these informations, Slovenia will have to combine data from these two sectors.

IV A 6 Regional coordination

No regional coordination is expected.

IV A 7 Derogations and non conformities

No derogations and non-conformities are expected.

IV B Collection of data concerning the processing industry

IV B 1 Data acquisition

In 2011 there were 14 companies in the Slovenian fish processing sector. Between 2008 and 2011 the number of companies increased by 17%. In 2011 Slovenia had 8 companies with less than 10 employees, 3 companies with 11-49 employees and also three companies with 50-249 employees. In 2011 the turnover was 35,4 million Euros. Between 2008 and 2011 the turnover of Slovenian fish processing industry increased by 22 %. The value of raw material decreased by 26 % from 2008 to 2011 and amounted 12,2 million Euros in 2011. In the Slovenian fish processing sector was 379 employees in 2011. With respect to the gender of those in employment, women are predominated with 220 employees. According to the FTE there were 351 FTE employees in 2011. Among them were 203 women and 148 men. The level of employment increased between 2008 and 2011, with total employed increasing by 52% while the number of FTEs increased by 66% over the period.

The imputed value of unpaid labor:

This is considered to be work that is not remunerated in the usual sense of the word (non-salaried work) and is therefore regarded as unpaid labor. In this case, the owner does not receive a “salary” in the sense that a hired worker would, but receives an emolument due to the capital invested in addition to the emolument for labor. This income belongs to him in the form of “mixed income” if he is a natural person or registered as a private entrepreneur or in the form of an operating surplus if the owner is registered as a legal person.

Both categories are calculated indirectly by first evaluating the production and then subtracting from it the production costs (intermediate consumption), the depreciation of physical capital (consumption of fixed capital), total employment costs (gross salaries + employer’s contributions), adding subsidies and subtracting taxes. What remains is the income of the owner, who is at the same time the owner of the enterprise, i.e. the mixed income or the operating surplus, depending on how the owner is registered.

Slovenia will take into account also the value of unpaid work of family members older than 13 years (work is prohibited by law for a person younger than 13 years). Through questionnaires Slovenia will receive information on the number of working hours of family members. Number of working hours will be multiplied by the average value of paid working hour in each company.

FTE is defined as follows (using a threshold of 2,000 hours):

- each employee working annually 2,000 hours or more is counted as one FTE;
- each employee working less than 2,000 hours per year is counted as a percentage of a FTE according to the number of hours worked in relation to the threshold of 2,000 hours. If the annual working hours per employee exceed the reference level, the FTE equals 1 per employee;
- working time is the time actually spent at work.

For FTE National Slovenia will use a threshold of 2088 hours.

IV B 1 (a) Definition of variables

The economic variables will be collected on the basis of Council Regulation (EC) No 199/2008 and the Appendix XII to the Multi-annual Community Program.

The data will be collected on a yearly basis. The population pertains to the enterprises whose main activity is the processing and canning of fish and the production of fish products.

The data for these subjects will be collected from multiple sources (AJPES, questionnaire), which will allow for the cross-checking. The accounting data, which are collected by the AJPES public agency, are already checked and verified. The data will be collected for all subjects in a manner that will guarantee a high quality of data.

List and description of the collection of economic data on the processing industry

Income

Turnover: the data will be collected through the use of survey questionnaires and from accounting records – AJPES.

Subsidies - including direct payments and excluding social benefit payments and indirect subsidies: the data will be collected from the accounting records – AJPES and financial records from the MAE and the Ministry of Finance.

Other income: the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES.

Personnel costs

Wages and salaries of staff: the costs of gross salaries – the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES.

Imputed value of unpaid labour: the data will be obtained through the use of a survey questionnaire and the calculation according to the chosen methodology.

Energy costs

Energy costs: the data on the quantity and the type of energy will be obtained through the use of a survey questionnaire, the data on energy costs will be collected from accounting records – AJPES.

Raw material costs

Purchase of fish and other raw material for production: the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES and through the use of a survey questionnaire.

Other operational costs

Other operational costs – including packaging costs: the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES and through the use of a survey questionnaire.

Capital costs

Depreciation of capital: the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES and through the use of a survey questionnaire.

Net financial costs – interest costs of capital: the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES and through the use of a survey questionnaire.

Extraordinary costs, net

Extraordinary costs, net: the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES and through the use of a survey questionnaire.

Capital value

Total value of assets – accumulated value of all net investments in the enterprise at the end of the year: the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES.

Capital value is in principle the sum of all assets (or liabilities) presented on the annual balance sheet. Investments - Total investment (assets, including the value of leased equipment) is measured by the total value of a producer's acquisitions, less disposals, of fixed assets during the accounting period plus certain additions to the value of non-produced assets (such as land or subsoil assets) realized by the productive activity of institutional units.

Net investments

Net investments – Purchase and sale of assets during the year: the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES and through the use of a survey questionnaire.

Debt

Debt – at the end of the year: the data will be collected from accounting records – AJPES.

Employment

Number of persons employed: the data will be collected through the use of survey questionnaires and from accounting records – AJPES.

FTE National – full-time employees: the data will be collected through the use of survey questionnaires and from accounting records – AJPES.

Data on employment will be collected by gender from 2011.

Number of enterprises

Number of enterprises – the enterprises will be classified by size, according to the number of persons employed (up to 10, from 11 to 49, from 50 to 249 and more than 250 persons employed): the data will be collected through the use of records of companies and records of the Veterinary Administration of the Republic of Slovenia.

Explanatory notes with regard to the collection of economic variables for the processing sector

The imputed value of unpaid labour

This is considered to be work that is not remunerated in the usual sense of the word (non-salaried work) and is therefore regarded as unpaid labour. In this case, the owner does not receive a “salary” in the sense that a hired worker would, but receives an emolument due to the capital invested in addition to the emolument for labour. This income belongs to him in the form of “mixed income” if he is a natural person or registered as a private entrepreneur or in the form of an operating surplus if the owner is registered as a legal person.

Both categories are calculated indirectly by first evaluating the production and then subtracting from it the production costs (intermediate consumption), the depreciation of physical capital (consumption of fixed capital), total employment costs (gross salaries + employer's contributions), adding subsidies and

subtracting taxes. What remains is the income of the owner, who is at the same time the owner of the enterprise, i.e. the mixed income or the operating surplus, depending on how the owner is registered.

FTE Harmonized is defined as follows (using a threshold of 2,000 hours):

- each employee working annually 2,000 hours or more is counted as one FTE;
- each employee working less than 2,000 hours per year is counted as a percentage of a FTE according to the number of hours worked in relation to the threshold of 2,000 hours.

FTE National is defined as follows (using a threshold of 2,088 hours):

- each employee working annually 2,088 hours or more is counted as one FTE;
- each employee working less than 2,088 hours per year is counted as a percentage of a FTE according to the number of hours worked in relation to the threshold of 2,088 hours.

The methodology for the estimation of employment will be in accordance with the Study FISH/2005/14.

Yearly depreciation cost

The depreciation is calculated with regard to the original cost of the physical capital, reduced for the imputed residual value. It is calculated using the straight-line method and using the following depreciation rates:

1. buildings 2,5 % - 5 %,
2. equipment 8 % - 33 %,
3. fishing vessels 5 %,
4. computer equipment 30 % - 50 %.

Value of physical capital

The physical capital is evaluated according to the cost model. The actual purchase cost of the physical capital encompasses the purchase price of the physical capital as well as all the costs that can be directly attributed to its qualification for the intended use.

Data collection procedure

A register of economic operators engaged in fish processing in the Republic of Slovenia will be drawn up. Firstly, a note will be sent to everyone that the collection of economic data on the basis of EC Regulation is to be commenced. At the same time, the economic operators will be informed that within the coming days they will receive a survey questionnaire to their address, which they should examine and together with their accountants collect the relevant data. The cooperating operators will be asked to propose a date when they can be visited in order to examine the survey questionnaire together and to resolve possible problems and difficulties.

The economic data, based on accounting categories, will pertain to the calendar year, i.e. from 1 January to 31 December of the respective year. For the previous year, these data are usually available after half the year following the elapsed calendar year.

IV B 1 (b) Type of data collection

As a type of data collection Slovenia will use census. Census attempts to collect data from all members of a population. This would include collection of data from administrative records, as well as other cases in which data are derived from sources originally compiled for non-statistical purposes.

IV B 1 (c) Target and frame population

Target populations are all companies who have a license for the processing of maritime organisms and the processing involved in practice. In 2008 the number of such enterprises in Slovenia was twelve.

IV B 1 (d) Data sources

The program for collection of economic data for the processing industry combines information from three main resources:

1. Questionnaire information returned from processing companies on a voluntary basis,
2. The data from Veterinary Administration of the Republic of Slovenia (VARs),
3. The annual accounts of business enterprises.

IV B 1 (e) Sampling stratification and allocation scheme

Slovenia will not use sampling.

IV B 2 Estimation

As a type of data collection Slovenia will use census. In the case of a census with non-responses, Slovenia will be estimated variables using method of extrapolation. Extrapolation is based on the assumption that trends in the observations will continue outside the range for which data are known. Slovenia will extrapolate data for each segment separately, so that there will be no errors due to different values in different segments. Slovenia is aware of the diversity of the processing sector, therefore Slovenia will extrapolate the data from those companies which are comparable to each other.

Extrapolation formula:

$$\bar{a} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N (a_i)}{N}$$

$$A = N * \bar{a}$$

A - total value of the parameter,

a_i - value of the parameter,

n – number of data with known value a,

N – total number of data,

\bar{a} - average value of the parameter.

IV B 3 Data quality evaluation

The target population is all fish processing companies in Slovenia. There are approximately fourteen fish processing companies in Slovenia. Data will be collected on the whole population of processing enterprises so we do not expect any problems in achieving good quality of the data

The national program for collection of economic data for the processing industry combines information from three main resources:

- Questionnaire information returned from processing companies on a voluntary basis,
- The data from Veterinary Administration of the Republic of Slovenia (VARs),
- The annual accounts of business enterprises.

The data collected from all sources are combined in such a way that a complete set of accounting items is compared for each business enterprise. Most of the data will be cross-checked, e.g. all costs from questionnaires will be checked with the costs from annual accounts, income from questionnaire will be checked with the income from annual accounts, etc. For checking the data will also be used databases from other public services such as Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia, Chamber of Commerce and Industry of Slovenia etc.

IV B 4 Data presentation

Final data will be available in the end of October for the previous year.

According to confidentiality, Slovenia will have to combine the data for all processing sector.

IV B 5 Regional coordination

No regional coordination is expected.

IV B 6 Derogations and non-conformities

No derogations and non-conformities are expected.

V Module of the evaluation of effects of the fishing sector on the marine ecosystem

General remarks regarding points 1 to 4 of the Appendix XIII

In order to allow for the calculation of the ecosystem indicators only data from MEDITS survey are available. Each MEDITS survey performed in Slovenian territorial waters is composed of 2 samples only, restricted to a very small geographical area (see III.G.1/Map 1). Furthermore, the number of individuals captured is usually too small to allow for the calculations. For these reasons, the calculation of the ecosystem indicators should be performed on the regional level, covering at least GSA 17.

General remarks on VMS in Slovenia

Our Vessel monitoring system (VMS) is completely functional and working properly as of June, 2009, data messages received are transformed to positions in program. Because the usual fishing trip duration for Slovenian fishermen is under 1 day, we set the collecting of position reports to 15 minutes, so that we get sufficient resolution of the data for subsequent analysis.

We have 8 vessels equipped with Thrane & Thrane (TT 3026 M) VMS transceivers with vTrack software. The VMS is reporting entries into specially designated zones and exits out of them. The VMS is monitoring the date and time of entries into:

- All coastal areas where special regulations on accessing the water and resources are in place
- Administrative areas of regional fishing organisations having the Community or the member states as members
- Waters of third countries

Slovenia is sending to the Commission the six-month report on the operations of VMS, regarding to the Commission regulation (EC) No 2244/2003.

VMS is temporary activated only for Slovenia. The program has a possibility to define communication parameters to communicate with FMCs in other countries and also to produce data format for exchange of data (text, XML). The program enables historical insight of vessel status, preparation of report, and has no limitation regarding number of monitored vessels. Data are received directly from LES station. Satellite tracking device transmits and receives proper data, they are connected to main power on switch of the vessel. When switching off whole vessel's electricity also the tracking device is switched off and when vessel electricity is switched on again, datagram with data at power off and data of power on is sent to FMC.

1. Specification and calculation of indicator for “Conservation status of fish species”

The available data for the calculation of the indicator for the conservation status of fish species will be available from the MEDITS surveys. All species that contribute to the indicator will be consistently and reliably identified. Survey catches will be fully sorted. According to the MEDITS protocol, the length data will be collected only for target species listed in Chapter III.G.1.

2. Specification and calculation of indicator for the “Proportion of large fish”

The available data for the calculation of the indicator for the proportion of large fish will be available from the MEDITS surveys. All species that contribute to the indicator will be consistently and reliably identified. Survey catches will be fully sorted. According to the MEDITS protocol, the length data will be collected only for target species listed in Chapter III.G.1.

3. Specification and calculation of indicator for "Mean maximum length of fishes"

The available data for the calculation of the indicator for mean maximum length of fish will be available from the MEDITS surveys. All species that contribute to the indicator will be consistently and reliably identified. Survey catches will be fully sorted. According to the MEDITS protocol, the length data will be collected only for target species listed in Chapter III.G.1.

4. Specification and calculation of indicator for "Size at maturation of exploited fish species"

The available data for the calculation of the indicator for the maturation of exploited fish species will be available from the MEDITS surveys. According to the MEDITS protocol, the data on age will not be collected and the data on length, sex, and maturity will be collected only for target species listed in Chapter III.G.1.

5. Specification and calculation of indicator for "Distribution of fishing activities"

The VMS data will be collected through position reports every half hour and will be available within two months of position reports being received as indicated in the section V.1.

6. Specification and calculation of indicator for "Aggregation of fishing activities"

The VMS data will be collected through position reports every half hour and will be available within two months of position reports being received as indicated in the section V.1.

7. Specification and calculation of indicator for "Areas not impacted by mobile bottom gears"

The VMS data will be collected through position reports every half hour and will be available within two months of position reports being received as indicated in the section V.1.

8. Specification and calculation of an indicator for "Discarding rates of commercially exploited species"

The available data for the calculation of the indicator for discarding rates of commercially exploited species will be available from logbooks and observer trips and will be processed separately.

9. Indicator for the "fuel efficiency of fish capture"

This is an indicator of the relationship between fuel consumption and the value of landed catch. Value of landings is calculated as the product of landings by species and prices. Landings by species data will be collected from vessels' logbooks. Data on average price by species in euro per kilo live weight excluding VAT will be collected from sales notes or through the use of a survey questionnaire. Cost of fuel: data on the quantity and type of fuel will be collected through the use of survey questionnaire. The data for monitoring will be collected through the use of technical literature – the fuel consumption per hour of operation will be calculated for a particular type of engine and multiplied by the hours that the vessel has spent at sea (the data on the number of hours at sea can be found in the vessel's logbook).

Calculation of indicator: Calculate total value of landed catch (Euro) by fishing technique, quarter and year. Divide value by cost of fuel used to take this landed catch (Euro).

VI Module for management and use of the data

The Slovenian information system for the collection and management of the fisheries data is called InfoRib. It is a national centralised database and in all InfoRib modules primary data are stored except in the Reporting Module where also aggregated data are stored for reporting obligations. The data from Research surveys at sea are stored in the biological database of the Fisheries Research Institute of Slovenia.

VI A Management

The Slovenian information system for the collection and management of the fisheries data InfoRib consists of several modules:

- Fleet Vessel Register
- Logbooks
- Fishing Permits
- Fisheries Economics / Socio-economic questionnaires
- Reporting
- Sampling
- Technical indicators
- Code lists
- First sale
- Aquaculture
- Processing Industry
- Discoverer – module for processing *ad hoc* reports

The Slovenian information system is centralised and all modules are stored in database at MAE except the module from Research surveys at sea. Biological data from that module are temporarily stored in the local database located at the FRIS and it is planned to be relocated during the implementation of Programme 2011-2013 to the centralized database InfoRib.

All data collection procedures are following the Council Regulation No 199/2008. The data in the InfoRib database are protected on two levels. They are accessible only through the secure information system of the national public administration HKOM. The access through web site is enabled to all registered users who are involved in data collection framework. The system InfoRib is developed in Oracle and it uses Oracle security system for each user. This is managed on two levels.

Firstly, access to primary data is protected using roles, grants and synonyms, secondly, the security on the forms levels is managed using a special mechanism with different access levels.

The modules are interconnected and enable different cross-checkings, quality controls and validation procedures.

All primary data is processed and stored in accordance with Articles 13 and 17 of Council Regulation No 199/2008. The metadata regarding the place and the form of the data are collected since the Oracle database is used. The metadata regarding the content of data is in the form of technical and methodological documentation. In year 2010 we are going to prepare the metadata module within the InfoRib, containing the documentation of procedures for the calculation, aggregation and transformation of the basic (primary) data, and also elaboration of infrastructure for the safekeeping of metadata and documents mentioned before.

For achieving even better security we are going to purchase in year 2010, 2 servers blade with Microsoft Windows 2008 Server EE, 1 expansion unit for DS4700 storage system with 4 x 300Gb FC HDD and 2 SAN switch 16 port x 4Gbps with 6 SFP modules.

The detailed and aggregated data, which are derived from primary data collected under the programme and which are validated before their transmission to end-users are already and will also in the future be specified in special technical data documentation.

VI B Use of the data

The InfoRib database enables us to produce several reports and supply end-users with detailed and aggregated data for supporting scientific analysis in accordance with Article 18 of Council Regulation No 199/2008.

The InfoRib, together with the combination of some modules which are temporarily stored on the location of FRIS, assures that all data stored allow the assessment of the status of the exploited stocks plus the reliable estimation of the total volume of catches (defined by regional fishing types and fleet segments, geographical area and time period) including discards and also data regarding catches and recreational fisheries.

VII Follow-up STECF recommendations

STECF - SGRN recommendations	Slovenian responsive actions
Economic variables	Economic variables
Capital cost/value and employment should be estimated applying the common methodologies reported in the DCF.	The capital value and capital costs will be estimated according to the Study FISH/2005/03. The methodology for the estimation of employment will be in accordance with the Study FISH/2005/14.
MS should indicate when the final data will be available.	Slovenia has explained when the final data will be available.
Aquaculture sector	Aquaculture sector
MS should clarify if it is not collecting data on fresh water species or if it does.	The collection of data for fresh water species is not mandatory.
It even remains unclear if MS collects data on employment with gender specification. MS should clarify this.	Data on employment will be collected by gender from 2011.
Processing industry	Processing industry
MS should clarify the definition of the variable “investment”.	Slovenia has explained the definition of the variable “investment”.
It even remains unclear if MS collects data on employment with gender specification. MS should clarify this.	Data on employment will be collected by gender from 2011.

Table 5: STECF recommendations.

VIII List of derogations

Slovenia would like to continue with samplings of *Engraulis encrasicolus* and *Sardina pilchardus*. Although in last three years the average landing of named two species fell under 200 tonnes in average. Slovenia would like to sample two of its most important species. Slovenia wishes to keep the continuity in the data acquisition of these shared stocks that started in 2006 in order to be able to contribute to their regional management scheme.

Slovenia is asking for the derogation regarding the biological samplings for individual parameter measurements of age (reading of otholiths) for MEDITS species *Merluccius merluccius* and *Mullus barbatus* and *Mullus surmuletus*. Landings of named species are less than 200 tonnes. Monitoring of these species would have substantial costs, while their share in quantity and value of catch is negligible and the cost of analysis would by far exceed the possibilities of cost-efficient sampling strategies.

IX List of acronyms and abbreviations

- AJPES – The Agency of the Republic of Slovenia for Public Legal Records and Related Services
- ESL – European Satellite Link
- FRIS – Fisheries Research Institute of Slovenia
- FMC – Fisheries Monitoring Center
- FVR – Fleet Vessel Register Module
- GFCM – General Fisheries Commission for the Mediterranean
- GSA – Geographical Sub-Area
- LES – Land Earth Station
- MAE – The Ministry for Agriculture and Environment of the Republic of Slovenia.
- MEDIAS – Pan-Mediterranean pelagic survey
- MEDITS – Mediterranean International bottom trawl survey
- SORS – Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia
- VARS – Veterinary Administration of the Republic of Slovenia.
- VAT – Value added tax
- VMS – Vessel Monitoring System
- EMFF – European Maritime and Fisheries Fund

X Comments, suggestions and reflections

We would like to emphasise that it is of vital importance to continue with the upgrade of information system InfoRib and with the establishment of connections between different modules within information system and between the VMS and InfoRib database.

It is also important to ensure adequate administrative and scientific capacity to carry out all the tasks of data collection and to ensure continuation in the data time series and in international collaboration.

Slovenian program is relatively small program but our duties are the same like the duties of larger programmes. However in this regards also our founding is relatively small and the costs of subcontractors could exceed 20 % of the total budget allocated to data collection.

Subcontractors' costs are predicted to be between 20 % and 30 % of the entire Programme. Those costs consist of the following costs:

- The upgrading of the Information system;
- Biological samplings;

These 2 operations cannot be executed by the MAE itself neither by the partner of the MAE, the FRIS.

Chapter III F

For the calculation of Transversal variables we are going to use also the data from VMS, for those vessels that are equipped with VMS. The data will be used to assure better quality of the data and for cross-checking.

Coordination Support and Scientific Advice

Slovenia is providing all the data to the relevant working groups when demanded (socio-economic data, discards data, landings data, MEDITS data etc.).

Before the data are sent to the relevant working groups they are cross-checked by the responsible person and with support of information system InfoRib.

XI References

- Council Regulation (EC) No 199/2008
- Commission Regulation (EC) No 665/2008
- Commission Decision (2008/949/EC)
- Commission Decision (2010/93/EU)
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- Scientific, Technical and Economic Committee for Fisheries (STECF) Report of the Sub-group on Research Needs (SGECA/SGRN 09-02), 22-27 JUNE 2009, GALWAY, Edited by Paul Connolly & Tiit Raid
- Commission implementing decision C(2013) 5243 of 13. 8. 2013
- Commission implementing decision C(2013) 5568 of 30. 8. 2013

XII Annexes

Annex 1: Questionnaire for fisherman



REPUBLIKA SLOVENIJA
**MINISTRSTVO ZA KMETIJSTVO,
GOZDARSTVO IN PREHRANO**

DIREKTORAT ZA GOZDARSTVO, LOVSTVO IN RIBIŠTVO

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VPRAŠALNIK O SOCIOEKONOMSKEM STANJU MORSKEGA RIBIŠTVA V SLOVENIJI V LETU 2014

Vljudno vas prosimo, da skupaj z vašim računovodjem odgovorite na naslednja vprašanja. Odgovori se nanašajo na obdobje od 01.01.2014 do 31.12.2014.

Davčna številka podjetja: _____

Matična številka podjetja: _____

Prosimo vas, da nam izpolnjene vprašalnike pošljete, v priloženi kuverti, najkasneje do petka, 8. 5. 2015.

Za vaše odgovore in sodelovanje se vam iskreno zahvaljujemo.

1. Prosimo vas, da za posamezno plovilo vpišete ustrezne podatke o plovilu (cene so izražene v EUR)

Nabavna (zgodbinska) vrednost plovila			
Zavarovana vrednost plovila			
Ocena tržne vrednosti plovila			
Vrednost elektronike			
Vrednost hladilnih naprav			
Vrednost ribolovnih orodij			
Vrednost ostale opreme			

Poraba goriva v litrih (letno)	«IME_PLOVILA_1» «Cfr_1»	«IME_PLOVILA_2» «Cfr_3»	«IME_PLOVILA_3» «Cfr_3»
• diesel			
• bencin			
• mešanica			

3. Prosimo vpišite v spodnjo tabelo podatke o številu posadke na plovilu, podatke o zaposlenih za skrajšani delovni čas in podatke o času, ki ga porabite za vzdrževanje plovila in opreme.

	«IME_PLOVILA_1» «Cfr_1»	«IME_PLOVILA_2» «Cfr_3»	«IME_PLOVILA_3» «Cfr_3»
Število zaposlenih			
Število posadke na plovilu			
zaposleni za skrajšan delovni čas			
Koliko časa (v urah) v povprečju vsak mesec porabite za vzdrževanje plovila in opreme (barvanje, čiščenje, popravilo mrež, servisiranje ipd.)			
SKUPAJ			

4. Spodnja tabela se nanašata na prihodke, ki ste jih ustvarili z ribiško dejavnostjo in z drugimi dejavnostmi. Pod "drugo" vpišite morebitne dohodke, ki ste jih ustvarili z dejavnostjo, ki ni navedena v tabeli (napišite katero). V vrstico "prihodek od ulova rib" vpišite prihodek za vsako posamezno plovilo.

Prihodki (v EUR)	«IME_PLOVILA_1» «Cfr_1»	«IME_PLOVILA_2» «Cfr_3»	«IME_PLOVILA_3» «Cfr_3»
prihodek od ulova rib			
prihodek od oddajanja plovila			
prihodek od prevažanja turistov			
drugo (navedite):			
SKUPAJ			

5. Spodnja tabela se nanašata na stroške popravil in vzdrževanja. Prosimo vpišite v tabelo stroške popravil in vzdrževanja za vsako posamezno plovilo.

Stroški popravil in vzdrževanja (v EUR)	«IME PLOVILA 1» «Cfr 1»	«IME PLOVILA 2» «Cfr 3»	«IME PLOVILA 3» «Cfr 3»
barvanje plovila			
popravilo in vzdrževanje motorja			
popravilo trupa			
popravilo ribolovnih orodij			
drugo (navedite):			
S K U P A J			

6. Spodnja tabela se nanašata na naložbe v osnovna sredstva - plovila in opremo v letu 2008. Prosimo vpišite v tabelo višino naložb za vsako posamezno plovilo.

Višina naložb v plovila in opremo (v EUR)	«IME PLOVILA 1» «Cfr_1»	«IME PLOVILA 2» «Cfr_3»	«IME PLOVILA 3» «Cfr_3»
Izboljšave obstoječega plovila (zamenjava motorja, nakup elektronike ipd.)			
Izboljšave opreme na plovilu (nove mreže, nove vrše ipd.)			
S K U P A J			

7. Spodnja tabela se nanaša na stroške ali prihodke glede kvot ali drugih ribolovnih pravic. Prosimo, vpišite v tabelo višino stroškov (če ste najemnik) ali dohodkov (če ste najemodajalec) kvot ali drugih ribolovnih pravic.

Znesek (v EUR)	«IME PLOVILA 1» «Cfr 1»	«IME PLOVILA 2» «Cfr 3»	«IME PLOVILA 3» «Cfr 3»
Plačilo najema kvot ali drugih ribolovnih pravic			
Prihodek od dajanja kvot ali drugih ribolovnih pravic v najem			
S K U P A J			

8. Podatki, po katerih sprašujemo v spodnji tabeli, se nanašajo na doseženo ceno rib. Prosimo, da za vsako posamezno vrsto vpišete povprečno odkupno ceno za kilogram iztovorjene ribe. Cene so izražene v EUR in so brez DDV.

vrsta ribe	povprečna odkupna cena za kg v EUR, brez DDV

Annex 2: Questionnaire for processing industry

**VPRAŠALNIK O SOCIOEKONOMSKEM STANJU RIBIŠKE PREDELOVALNE
INDUSTRIJE V SLOVENIJI**

Glava vprašalnika opremljena z naslednjimi podatki: ime podjetja, ime odgovorne osebe (lastnika, direktorja), davčna in matična številka podjetja, naslov podjetja ali samostojnega podjetnika

Vljudno vas prosimo, da **skupaj z vašim računovodjem** odgovorite na naslednja vprašanja.
Odgovori se nanašajo na obdobje od 01.01.2007 do 31.12.2007.

Za vaše odgovore in sodelovanje se vam iskreno zahvaljujemo.

1. Prosimo vas, da napišete količino (v kilogramih) in nabavno ceno rib in drugih morskih organizmov (v € za kg brez DDV) po vrstah ter količino in ceno drugih surovin, ki ste jih potrebovali za proizvodnjo.

VRSTA	KOLIČINA	NABAVNA CENA

2. Prosimo vpišite v spodnjo tabelo podatke o prodajnih cenah proizvodov (v € za tono proizvoda brez DDV) in podatke o celotnih prihodkih po vrstah proizvodov.

PROIZVOD	CENA PROIZVODA	CELOTEN PRIHODEK

--	--	--

3. Prosimo vpišite v spodnjo tabelo zahtevane podatke.

število redno zaposlenih	
skupno število delovnih ur vseh zaposlenih (redno zaposleni, sezonski delavci, študentje ipd.)	
naložbe v osnovna sredstva (v € brez DDV)	
Prihodki od prodaje osnovnih sredstev	
Stroški obresti od kapitala	
Stroški amortizacije kapitala (skupaj)	
Stroški pakiranja	
Stroški energije: - električna energija	
- tekoča goriva	
- drugo	
Stroški zavarovanja	
Izredni stroški (stroški, ki nastanejo zaradi izjemnih situacij in so enkratni)	
Ocena izkoriščenosti zmogljivosti proizvodnje(v %)	

Annex 3: Questionnaire for aquaculture

**VPRAŠALNIK O SOCIOEKONOMSKEM STANJU SEKTORJA MORSKEGA
RIBOGOJSTVA V SLOVENIJI**

Glava vprašalnika opremljena z naslednjimi podatki: ime podjetja, ime odgovorne osebe (lastnika, direktorja), davčna in matična številka podjetja, naslov podjetja ali samostojnega podjetnika

Vljudno vas prosimo, da **skupaj z vašim računovodjem** odgovorite na naslednja vprašanja.

Odgovori se nanašajo na obdobje od 01.01.2008 do 31.12.2008.

Za vaše odgovore in sodelovanje se vam iskreno zahvaljujemo.

1. Prosimo vas, da napišete količino (v kilogramih) in nabavno ceno ribjih mladit in drugih morskih organizmov (v € za kg brez DDV) po vrstah ter količino in ceno hrane za ribe (v € za kg brez DDV), ki ste jo potrebovali za vzrejo.

VRSTA	KOLIČINA	NABAVNA CENA

VRSTA RIBJE HRANE	KOLIČINA	NABAVNA CENA

2. Prosimo vpišite v spodnjo tabelo podatke o prodajnih cenah proizvodov (v € za tono proizvoda brez DDV), podatke o količini prodanih proizvodov (v tonah) in podatke o celotnih prihodkih po vrstah proizvodov.


PROIZVOD	CENA PROIZVODA	KOLIČINA PRODANIH PROIZVODOV	CELOTEN PRIHODEK

3. Prosimo vpišite v spodnjo tabelo zahtevane podatke.

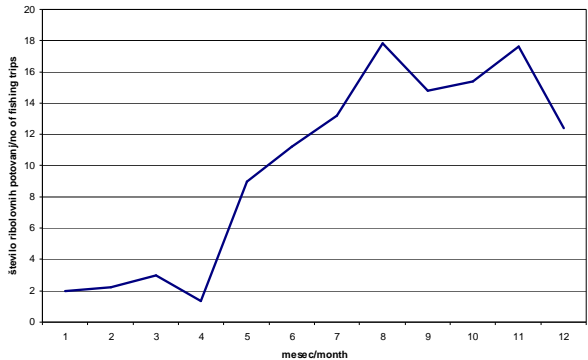
število redno zaposlenih	
skupno število delovnih ur vseh zaposlenih (redno zaposleni, sezonski delavci, študentje ipd.)	
naložbe v osnovna sredstva (v € brez DDV)	
Prihodki od prodaje osnovnih sredstev	
Stroški obresti od kapitala	
Stroški amortizacije kapitala (skupaj)	
Stroški pakiranja	
Stroški energije: - električna energija	
- tekoča goriva	
- drugo	
Stroški popravil in vzdrževanja	
Stroški zavarovanja	
Izredni stroški (stroški, ki nastanejo zaradi izjemnih situacij in so enkratni)	
Ocena max. zmogljivosti vzreje - skupno (v tonah)	

Annex 4: Code of sexual maturity for bony fish

SEX	GONAD ASPECT	MATURATION STATE	STAGE	MEDITS
U	Sex not distinguished by naked eye. Gonads very small and translucent, almost transparent. Sex undetermined.	UNDETERMINED	0	0
F	Small pinkish and translucent ovary shorter than 1/3 of the body cavity. Eggs not visible by naked eye.	IMMATURE = VIRGIN	1	1
M	Thin and whitish testis shorter than 1/3 of the body cavity.			
F	Small pinkish/reddish ovary shorter than 1/2 of the body cavity. Eggs not visible by naked eye.	VIRGIN-DEVELOPING +	2a	2
M	Thin whitish testis shorter than 1/2 of the body cavity.			
F	Pinkish-reddish/reddish- orange and translucent ovary long about 1/2 of the body cavity. Blood vessels visible. Eggs not visible by naked eye.	RECOVERING +	2b	
M	Whitish/pinkish testis, more or less simmetrical, long about 1/2 of the body cavity.			
F	Ovary pinkish-yellow in colour with granular appearance, long about 2/3 of the body cavity. Eggs are visible by naked eye through the ovarian tunica, which is not yet translucent. Under light pressure, eggs are not expelled.	MATURING	2c	
M	Whitish to creamy testis long about 2/3 of the body cavity. Under light pressure, sperm is not expelled.			
F	Ovary orange-pink in colour, with conspicuous superficial blood vessels, long from 2/3 to full length of the body cavity. Large transparent, ripe eggs are clearly visible and could be expelled under light pressure. In more advanced conditions, eggs escape freely.	MATURE/SPAWNER	3	3
M	Whitish-creamy soft testis long from 2/3 to full length of the body cavity. Under light pressure, sperm could be expelled. In more advanced conditions, sperm escapes freely.			
F	Reddish ovary shrunk to about 1/2 length of the body cavity. Flaccid ovarian walls; ovary may contain remanants of disintegrating opaque and/or translucent eggs.	SPENT	4a	4
M	Bloodshot and flabby testis shrunken to about 1/2 length of the body cavity.			
F	Pinkish and translucent ovary long about 1/3 of the body cavity. Eggs not visible by naked eye.	RESTING +	4b	
M	Whitish/pinkish testis, more or less simmetrical, long about 1/3 of the body cavity.			

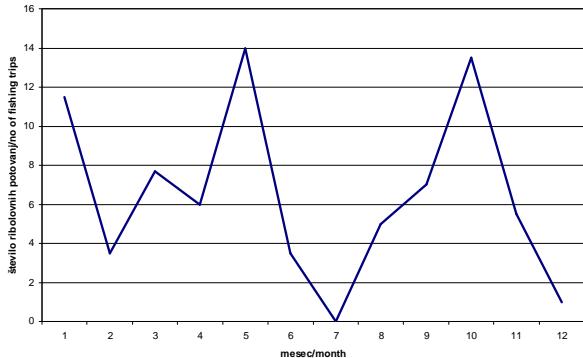
 Adult specimens

Annex 5: Description of the metier

PREDLOGA ZA OPIS METIERJA/METIER DESCRIPTION TEMPLATE																											
RCM	RCMMED&BS																										
GSA (RAVEN 4 PRILOGA I)/GSA (LEVEL 4 APPENDIX I)	GSA 17																										
IME METIERJA/NAME OF MÉTIER:	FPO_DEF_0_0_0																										
DRŽAVA ZASTAVE/FLAG COUNTRIES:	SVN																										
DATUM POSODOBITVE/DATE OF UPDATE:	15.5.2010																										
OPIS METIERJA/DESCRIPTION OF THE MÉTIER																											
PROSTORSKA PORAZDELITEV RIBOLOVNIH AKTIVNOSTI METIERJA/SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION OF THE FISHING ACTIVITY OF THE MÉTIER	SEVERNI JADRAN - OBMOČJE RIBOLOVNEGA MORJA REPUBLIKE SLOVENIJE (UR.L. RS, ŠT. 2/2006). NORTHERN ADRIATIC SEA - SEA FISHING AREA OF THE REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA (UR.L. RS, ŠT. 2/2006).																										
SEZONSKI VZOREC RIBOLOVNIH AKTIVNOSTI METIERJA/SEASONAL PATTERN OF THE FISHING ACTIVITY OF THE MÉTIER	 <table border="1"> <caption>Seasonal Pattern of Fishing Activity</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Mesec/month</th> <th>število ribolovnih potovanj/no of fishing trips</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>1</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>3</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>9</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>11</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>13</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>18</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>15</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>16</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>18</td></tr> <tr><td>12</td><td>12</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Mesec/month	število ribolovnih potovanj/no of fishing trips	1	2	2	2	3	3	4	2	5	9	6	11	7	13	8	18	9	15	10	16	11	18	12	12
Mesec/month	število ribolovnih potovanj/no of fishing trips																										
1	2																										
2	2																										
3	3																										
4	2																										
5	9																										
6	11																										
7	13																										
8	18																										
9	15																										
10	16																										
11	18																										
12	12																										
ŠTEVILO IN VELIKOST PLOVIL, UDELEŽENIH V METIERJU (PRILOGA III EC949/2008)/NUMBER OF VESSELS INVOLVED IN METIER BY LOA GROUP (APPENDIX III EC949/2008):	3 (0-<6); 1 (12-<18)																										
OPIS RIBOLOVNIH ORODIJ IN SELEKTIVNIH NAPRAV, KI JIH UPORABLJA METIER/DETAILED GEAR TYPES AND SELECTIVITY DEVICES USED IN MÉTIER	VRŠE ZA LOV RAKOV IN GLAVONOŽCEV. V TEM METIERJU NI SELEKTIVNIH NAPRAV. TRAPS FOR CRABS AND CEPHALOPODS. THERE ARE NO SELECTIVE DEVICES IN THIS METIER.																										

UKREPI UPRAVLJANJA/MANAGEMENT MEASURES	NOBENIH POSEBNIH UPRAVLJALSKIH UKREPOV. / NO SPECIFIC MANAGEMENT MEASURES IN FORCE.		
GLAVNE CILJNE IN NAKLJUČNE VRSTE METIERJA/MAIN TARGET AND BY-CATCH SPECIES FOR THE MÉTIER	CILJNA VRSTA / TARGET SPECIES: MTS (SQUILLA MANTIS). NAKLJUČNE VRSTE / BY-CATCH SPECIES: GBN (GOBIUS NIGER), EDT (ELEDONE MOSCHATA).		
RAVEN ZAVRŽKA POMEMBNEJŠIH VRST (V GLAVNEM PODMNOŽICA G1 IN G2 VRST)/INDICATE LEVEL OF DISCARD OF MAJOR SPECIES (MOSTLY SUBSET OF G1 OR G2 SPECIES):	VRSTA/SPECIES	RAVEN ZAVRŽKA/LEVEL OF DISCARDING	
	NI PODATKOV / NO DATA	NI PODATKOV / NO DATA	
ALI JE OBČUTEN DEL ULOVA IZTOVORJEN V DRUGIH DRŽAVAH/IS SIGNIFICANT PART OF THE CATCHES LANDED IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES?	DRŽAVA IZTOVORA/LANDING COUNTRY	DOGOVOR O VZORČENJU (DA/NE)/SAMPLING AGREEMENT (Y/N)	
	NI PODATKOV / NO DATA		
VZORČENJE METIERJA/SAMPLING OF THE METIER			
NAVEDI ALI JE TA METIER ZA NAMENE VZORČENJA ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI/INDICATE IF THIS MÉTIER IS MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING	METIER PRI VZORČENJU NI ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI. MÉTIER IS NOT MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING.		
UTEMELJITEV ZDRUŽEVANJA METIERJEV/JUSTIFICATION FOR MERGING:			
SHEMA VZORČENJA/SAMPLING SCHEME	TIP VZORČENJA/TYPE OF SAMPLING	OKVIR VZORČENJA IN PRIMARNA VZORČNA ENOTA ZA ZBIRANJE PODATKOV (POTOVANJE, DAN ITD.)/SAMPLING FRAME AND	ZBRANI PODATKI (OBRŽANI ULOV, ZAVRŽENI ULOV, NERAZVRŠČENI ULOV) IN METODA VZORČENJA (SOČASNO, DRUGO)/DATA COLLECTED (RETAINED CATCH; DISCARDED

		PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT FOR DATA COLLECTION (TRIP, DAY ETC)	CATCH; UNSORTED CATCH) AND SAMPLING METHOD (CONCURRENT, OTHER)
	OPAZOVALCI NA MORJU/OBSERVERS AT SEA	NE / N	NE / N
	SAMOVZORČENJE/SELF SAMPLING	NE / N	NE / N
	VZORČENJE IZTOVORA NA OBALI (TRG, MESTO IZTOVORA)/SAMPLING LANDINGS ON SHORE (MARKET; LANDING SITE)	NE / N	NE / N
NAVEDI MOREBITNE TEŽAVE PRI VZORČENJU MÉTIERJA/INDICATE IF THE MÉTIER IS ASSOCIATED WITH PARTICULAR SAMPLING PROBLEMS:	MAJHNE VELIKOSTI PLOVILA, ZARADI POMANKLJIVE ZAKONODAJE SO ZA DOSTOP DO PLOVILA VZORČEVALCI ODVISNI OD PRIVOLITVE RIBIČA / SMALL SIZES OF THE FISHING VESSEL, BECAUSE OF THE INSUFFICIENT LEGISLATION ABOUT THE ACCESS TO THE FISHING VESSEL THE OBSERVERS ARE DEPENDENT ON THE PERSONAL APPROVAL OF THE FISHERMAN		
DRUGI ZAZNAMKI (ZGODOVINSKI IN DRUGI)/ADDITIONAL REMARKS (HISTORICAL AND OTHERS):	NA		

PREDLOGA ZA OPIS METIERJA/METIER DESCRIPTION TEMPLATE																											
RCM	RCMMED&BS																										
GSA (RAVEN 4 PRILOGA I)/GSA (LEVEL 4 APPENDIX I)	GSA 17																										
IME METIERJA/NAME OF MÉTIER:	FYK_DEF_0_0_0																										
DRŽAVA ZASTAVE/FLAG COUNTRIES:	SVN																										
DATUM POSODOBITVE/DATE OF UPDATE:	15.5.2010																										
OPIS METIERJA/DESCRIPTION OF THE MÉTIER																											
PROSTORSKA PORAZDELITEV RIBOLOVNIH AKTIVNOSTI METIERJA/SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION OF THE FISHING ACTIVITY OF THE MÉTIER	SEVERNI JADRAN - OBMOČJE RIBOLOVNEGA MORJA REPUBLIKE SLOVENIJE (UR.L. RS, ŠT. 2/2006). NORTHERN ADRIATIC SEA - SEA FISHING AREA OF THE REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA (UR.L. RS, ŠT. 2/2006).																										
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Mesec/month	število ribolovnih potovanj/yo of fishing trips																										
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OPIS RIBOLOVNIH ORODIJ IN SELEKTIVNIH NAPRAV, KI JIH UPORABLJA METIER/DETAILED GEAR TYPES AND SELECTIVITY DEVICES USED IN MÉTIER	KOGOLI ZA LOV GAVUNOV (ATHERINA SP.). V TEM METIERJU NI SELEKTIVNIH NAPRAV. FYKE NETS FOR SAND SMELTS (ATHERINA SP.). THERE ARE NO SELECTIVE DEVICES IN THIS METIER.																										
UKREPI UPRAVLJANJA/MANAGEMENT	NOBENIH POSEBNIH UPRAVLJALSKIH UKREPOV. / NO SPECIFIC MANAGEMENT MEASURES IN FORCE.																										

MEASURES			
GLAVNE CILJNE IN NAKLJUČNE VRSTE METIERJA/MAIN TARGET AND BY-CATCH SPECIES FOR THE MÉTIER	CILJNA VRSTA / TARGET SPECIES: AHH (ATHERINA HEPSETUS), ATB (ATHERINA BOYERI). NAKLJUČNE VRSTE / BY-CATCH SPECIES: SQR (LOLIGO VULGARIS), COE (CONGER CONGER).		
RAVEN ZAVRŽKA POMEMBNEJŠIH VRST (V GLAVNEM PODMNOŽICA G1 IN G2 VRST)/INDICATE LEVEL OF DISCARD OF MAJOR SPECIES (MOSTLY SUBSET OF G1 OR G2 SPECIES):	VRSTA/SPECIES	RAVEN ZAVRŽKA/LEVEL OF DISCARDING	
	NI PODATKOV / NO DATA	NI PODATKOV / NO DATA	
ALI JE OBČUTEN DEL ULOVA IZTOVORJEN V DRUGIH DRŽAVAH/IS SIGNIFICANT PART OF THE CATCHES LANDED IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES?	DRŽAVA IZTOVORA/LANDING COUNTRY	DOGOVOR O VZORČENJU (DA/NE)/SAMPLING AGREEMENT (Y/N)	
	NI PODATKOV / NO DATA		
VZORČENJE METIERJA/SAMPLING OF THE METIER			
NAVEDI ALI JE TA METIER ZA NAMENE VZORČENJA ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI/INDICATE IF THIS MÉTIER IS MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING	METIER PRI VZORČNEJU NI ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI. MÉTIER IS NOT MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING.		
UTEMELJITEV ZDRUŽEVANJA METIERJEV/JUSTIFICATION FOR MERGING:	METIER PRI VZORČNEJU NI ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI. MÉTIER IS NOT MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING.		
SHEMA VZORČENJA/SAMPLING SCHEME	TIP VZORČENJA/TYPE OF SAMPLING	OKVIR VZORČENJA IN PRIMARNA VZORČNA ENOTA ZA ZBIRANJE PODATKOV (POTOVANJE, DAN ITD.)/SAMPLING FRAME AND PRIMARY SAMPLING	ZBRANI PODATKI (OBDRŽANI ULOV, ZAVRŽENI ULOV, NERAZVRŠČENI ULOV) IN METODA VZORČENJA (SOČASNO, DRUGO)/DATA COLLECTED (RETAINED CATCH; DISCARDED CATCH;

		UNIT FOR DATA COLLECTION (TRIP, DAY ETC)	UNSORTED CATCH) AND SAMPLING METHOD (CONCURRENT, OTHER)
	OPAZOVALCI NA MORJU/OBSERVERS AT SEA	NE / N	NE / N
	SAMOVZORČENJE/SELF SAMPLING	NE / N	NE / N
	VZORČENJE IZTOVORA NA OBALI (TRG, MESTO IZTOVORA)/SAMPLING LANDINGS ON SHORE (MARKET; LANDING SITE)	NE / N	NE / N
NAVEDI MOREBITNE TEŽAVE PRI VZORČENJU METIERJA/INDICATE IF THE MÉTIER IS ASSOCIATED WITH PARTICULAR SAMPLING PROBLEMS:	MAJHNE VELIKOSTI PLOVILA, ZARADI POMANKLJIVE ZAKONODAJE SO ZA DOSTOP DO PLOVILA VZORČEVALCI ODVISNI OD PRIVOLITVE RIBIČA / SMALL SIZES OF THE FISHING VESSEL, BECAUSE OF THE INSUFFICIENT LEGISLATION ABOUT THE ACCESS TO THE FISHING VESSEL THE OBSERVERS ARE DEPENDING ON THE PERSONAL APPROVAL OF THE FISHERMAN		
DRUGI ZAZNAMKI (ZGODOVINSKI IN DRUGI)/ADDITIONAL REMARKS (HISTORICAL AND OTHERS):			

PREDLOGA ZA OPIS METIERJA/METIER DESCRIPTION TEMPLATE																											
RCM	RCMMED&BS																										
GSA (RAVEN 4 PRILOGA I)/GSA (LEVEL 4 APPENDIX I)	GSA 17																										
IME METIERJA/NAME OF MÉTIER:	GND_SPF_0_0_0																										
DRŽAVA ZASTAVE/FLAG COUNTRIES:	SVN																										
DATUM POSODOBITVE/DATE OF UPDATE:	15.5.2010																										
OPIS METIERJA/DESCRIPTION OF THE MÉTIER																											
PROSTORSKA PORAZDELITEV RIBOLOVNIH AKTIVNOSTI METIERJA/SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION OF THE FISHING ACTIVITY OF THE MÉTIER	SEVERNI JADRAN - OBMOČJE RIBOLOVNEGA MORJA REPUBLIKE SLOVENIJE (UR.L. RS, ŠT. 2/2006). NORTHERN ADRIATIC SEA - SEA FISHING AREA OF THE REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA (UR.L. RS, ŠT. 2/2006).																										
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meseč/month	število ribolovnih potovanj/no. of fishing trips																										
1	0																										
2	0																										
3	0																										
4	19																										
5	10																										
6	0																										
7	0																										
8	0																										
9	0																										
10	0																										
11	0																										
12	0																										
ŠTEVILO IN VELIKOST PLOVIL, UDELEŽENIH V METIERJU (PRILOGA III EC949/2008)/NUMBER OF VESSELS INVOLVED IN METIER BY LOA GROUP (APPENDIX III EC949/2008):	2 (6-<12)																										
OPIS RIBOLOVNIH ORODIJ IN SELEKTIVNIH NAPRAV, KI JIH UPORABLJA METIER/DETAILED GEAR TYPES AND SELECTIVITY DEVICES USED IN MÉTIER	VISEČE MREŽE ZA LOV ODRASLIH SARDEL. V TEM METIERJU NI SELEKTIVNIH NAPRAV. DRIFTNETS FOR ADULT SARDINES. THERE ARE NO SELECTIVE DEVICES IN THIS METIER.																										
UKREPI UPRAVLJANJA/MANAGEMENT	NOBENIH POSEBNIH UPRAVLJALSKIH UKREPOV. / NO SPECIFIC MANAGEMENT MEASURES IN FORCE.																										

MEASURES			
GLAVNE CILJNE IN NAKLJUČNE VRSTE METIERJA/MAIN TARGET AND BY-CATCH SPECIES FOR THE MÉTIER	CILJNA VRSTA / TARGET SPECIES: PIL (SARDINA PILCHARDUS). NAKLJUČNE VRSTE / BY-CATCH SPECIES: BPI (SPICARA FLEXUOSA).		
RAVEN ZAVRŽKA POMEMBNEJŠIH VRST (V GLAVNEM PODMNOŽICA G1 IN G2 VRST)/INDICATE LEVEL OF DISCARD OF MAJOR SPECIES (MOSTLY SUBSET OF G1 OR G2 SPECIES):	VRSTA/SPECIES	RAVEN ZAVRŽKA/LEVEL OF DISCARDING	
	NI PODATKOV / NO DATA	NI PODATKOV / NO DATA	
ALI JE OBČUTEN DEL ULOVA IZTOVORJEN V DRUGIH DRŽAVAH/IS SIGNIFICANT PART OF THE CATCHES LANDED IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES?	DRŽAVA IZTOVORA/LANDING COUNTRY	DOGOVOR O VZORČENJU (DA/NE)/SAMPLING AGREEMENT (Y/N)	
	NI PODATKOV / NO DATA		
VZORČENJE METIERJA/SAMPLING OF THE METIER			
NAVEDI ALI JE TA METIER ZA NAMENE VZORČENJA ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI/INDICATE IF THIS MÉTIER IS MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING	METIER PRI VZORČNEJU NI ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI. MÉTIER IS NOT MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING.		
UTEMELJITEV ZDRUŽEVANJA METIERJEV/JUSTIFICATION FOR MERGING:	METIER PRI VZORČNEJU NI ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI. MÉTIER IS NOT MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING.		
SHEMA VZORČENJA/SAMPLING SCHEME	TIP VZORČENJA/TYPE OF SAMPLING	OKVIR VZORČENJA IN PRIMARNA VZORČNA ENOTA ZA ZBIRANJE PODATKOV (POTOVANJE, DAN ITD.)/SAMPLING FRAME AND PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT FOR DATA COLLECTION	ZBRANI PODATKI (OBDRŽANI ULOV, ZAVRŽENI ULOV, NERAZVRŠČENI ULOV) IN METODA VZORČENJA (SOČASNO, DRUGO)/DATA COLLECTED (RETAINED CATCH; DISCARDED CATCH; UNSORTED CATCH) AND

		(TRIP, DAY ETC)	SAMPLING METHOD (CONCURRENT, OTHER)
	OPAZOVALCI NA MORJU/OBSERVERS AT SEA	ČETRTLETNO VZORČENJE, VZORČNA ENOTA JE RIBOLOVNO POTOVANJE / QUARTERLY, PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT IS FISHING TRIP	OBDRŽANI ULOV, ZAVRŽEK / RETAINED CATCH, DISCARD
	SAMOVZORČENJE/SELF SAMPLING	NE / N	NE / N
	VZORČENJE IZTOVORA NA OBALI (TRG, MESTO IZTOVORA)/SAMPLING LANDINGS ON SHORE (MARKET; LANDING SITE)	NE / N	NE / N
NAVEDI MOREBITNE TEŽAVE PRI VZORČENJU MÉTIERJA/INDICATE IF THE MÉTIER IS ASSOCIATED WITH PARTICULAR SAMPLING PROBLEMS:	MAJHNE VELIKOSTI PLOVILA, ZARADI POMANKLJIVE ZAKONODAJE SO ZA DOSTOP DO PLOVILA VZORČEVALCI ODVISNI OD PRIVOLITVE RIBIČA / SMALL SIZES OF THE FISHING VESSEL, BECAUSE OF THE INSUFFICIENT LEGISLATION ABOUT THE ACCESS TO THE FISHING VESSEL THE OBSERVERS ARE DEPENDING ON THE PERSONAL APPROVAL OF THE FISHERMAN		
DRUGI ZAZNAMKI (ZGODOVINSKI IN DRUGI)/ADDITIONAL REMARKS (HISTORICAL AND OTHERS):	IZREDNO SELEKTIVNA TRADICIONALNA RIBOLOVNA METODA RIBOLOVA ZA ODRASLE PRIMERKE SARDEL, KI DOSEGAJO TUDI VIŠJO TRŽNO CENO / EXTREMELY SELECTIVE TRADITIONAL FISHING METHOD FOR THE ADULT SARDINE SPECIMENS, THAT ALSO REACH HIGHER MARKET VALUES		

PREDLOGA ZA OPIS METIERJA/METIER DESCRIPTION TEMPLATE																											
RCM	RCMMED&BS																										
GSA (RAVEN 4 PRILOGA I)/GSA (LEVEL 4 APPENDIX I)	GSA 17																										
IME METIERJA/NAME OF MÉTIER:	GNS_DEF_>=16_0_0																										
DRŽAVA ZASTAVE/FLAG COUNTRIES:	SVN																										
DATUM POSODOBITVE/DATE OF UPDATE:	15.5.2010																										
OPIS METIERJA/DESCRIPTION OF THE MÉTIER																											
PROSTORSKA PORAZDELITEV RIBOLOVNIH AKTIVNOSTI METIERJA/SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION OF THE FISHING ACTIVITY OF THE MÉTIER	SEVERNI JADRAN - OBMOČJE RIBOLOVNEGA MORJA REPUBLIKE SLOVENIJE (UR.L. RS, ŠT. 2/2006). NORTHERN ADRIATIC SEA - SEA FISHING AREA OF THE REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA (UR.L. RS, ŠT. 2/2006).																										
SEZONSKI VZOREC RIBOLOVNIH AKTIVNOSTI METIERJA/SEASONAL PATTERN OF THE FISHING ACTIVITY OF THE MÉTIER	<table border="1"> <caption>Seasonal Pattern of Fishing Activity</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Mesec/month</th> <th>število ribolovnih potovanj/ve of fishing trips</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>1</td><td>80</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>85</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>90</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>95</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>120</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>125</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>110</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>100</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>190</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>230</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>130</td></tr> <tr><td>12</td><td>110</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Mesec/month	število ribolovnih potovanj/ve of fishing trips	1	80	2	85	3	90	4	95	5	120	6	125	7	110	8	100	9	190	10	230	11	130	12	110
Mesec/month	število ribolovnih potovanj/ve of fishing trips																										
1	80																										
2	85																										
3	90																										
4	95																										
5	120																										
6	125																										
7	110																										
8	100																										
9	190																										
10	230																										
11	130																										
12	110																										
ŠTEVILO IN VELIKOST PLOVIL, UDELEŽENIH V METIERJU (PRILOGA III EC949/2008)/NUMBER OF VESSELS INVOLVED IN METIER BY LOA GROUP (APPENDIX III EC949/2008):	19 (0-<6); 26 (6-<12); 1 (12-<18)																										
OPIS RIBOLOVNIH ORODIJ IN SELEKTIVNIH NAPRAV, KI JIH UPORABLJA METIER/DETAILED GEAR TYPES AND SELECTIVITY DEVICES USED IN MÉTIER	STOJEČE ZABODNE MREŽE. V TEM METIERJU NI SELEKTIVNIH NAPRAV / SET GILLNETS. THERE ARE NO SELECTIVE DEVICES IN THIS METIER.																										
UKREPI UPRAVLJANJA/MANAGEMENT	NOBENIH POSEBNIH UPRAVLJALSKIH UKREPOV. / NO SPECIFIC MANAGEMENT MEASURES IN FORCE.																										

MEASURES			
GLAVNE CILJNE IN NAKLJUČNE VRSTE METIERJA/MAIN TARGET AND BY-CATCH SPECIES FOR THE MÉTIER	CILJNA VRSTA / TARGET SPECIES: WHG (MERLANGIUS MERLANGUS), SBG (SPARUS AURATA), PAC (PAGELLUS ERYTHRINUS), SOL (SOLEA SOLEA), MUL (MUGILIDAE). NAKLJUČNE VRSTE / BY-CATCH SPECIES: BSS (DICENTRARCHUS LABRAX), HKE (MERLUCCIIUS MERLUCCIIUS), CTC (SEPIA OFFICINALIS), MAC (SCOMBER SCOMBRUS), BPI (SPICARA FLEXUOSA).		
RAVEN ZAVRŽKA POMEMBNEJŠIH VRST (V GLAVNEM PODMNOŽICA G1 IN G2 VRST)/INDICATE LEVEL OF DISCARD OF MAJOR SPECIES (MOSTLY SUBSET OF G1 OR G2 SPECIES):	VRSTA/SPECIES	RAVEN ZAVRŽKA/LEVEL OF DISCARDING	
	WHG	NEPOMEMBNA / INSIGNIFICANT	
	SBG	NEPOMEMBNA / INSIGNIFICANT	
	PAC	NEPOMEMBNA / INSIGNIFICANT	
	SOL	POMEMBNA / SIGNIFICANT	
ALI JE OBČUTEN DEL ULOVA IZTOVORJEN V DRUGIH DRŽAVAH/IS SIGNIFICANT PART OF THE CATCHES LANDED IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES?	DRŽAVA IZTOVORA/LANDING COUNTRY	DOGOVOR O VZORČENJU (DA/NE)/SAMPLING AGREEMENT (Y/N)	
	NI PODATKOV / NO DATA		
VZORČENJE METIERJA/SAMPLING OF THE METIER			
NAVEDI ALI JE TA METIER ZA NAMENE VZORČENJA ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI/INDICATE IF THIS MÉTIER IS MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING	METIER PRI VZORČNEJU NI ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI. MÉTIER IS NOT MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING.		
UTEMELJITEV ZDRUŽEVANJA METIERJEV/JUSTIFICATION FOR MERGING:	METIER PRI VZORČNEJU NI ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI. MÉTIER IS NOT MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING.		
SHEMA VZORČENJA/SAMPLING SCHEME	TIP VZORČENJA/TYPE OF SAMPLING	OKVIR VZORČENJA IN PRIMARNA VZORČNA ENOTA ZA ZBIRANJE PODATKOV (POTOVANJE, DAN ITD.)/SAMPLING FRAME AND PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT FOR DATA COLLECTION (TRIP, DAY	ZBRANI PODATKI (OBDRŽANI ULOV, ZAVRŽENI ULOV, NERAZVRŠČENI ULOV) IN METODA VZORČENJA (SOČASNO, DRUGO)/DATA COLLECTED (RETAINED CATCH; DISCARDED CATCH; UNSORTED CATCH) AND SAMPLING

		ETC)	METHOD (CONCURRENT, OTHER)
	OPAZOVALCI NA MORJU/OBSERVERS AT SEA	ČETRLETNO VZORČENJE, VZORČNA ENOTA JE RIBOLOVNO POTOVANJE / QUARTERLY, PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT IS FISHING TRIP	OBDRŽANI ULOV, ZAVRŽEK / RETAINED CATCH, DISCARD
	SAMOVZORČENJE/SELF SAMPLING	NE / N	NE / N
	VZORČENJE IZTOVORA NA OBALI (TRG, MESTO IZTOVORA)/SAMPLING LANDINGS ON SHORE (MARKET; LANDING SITE)	NE / N	NE / N
NAVEDI MOREBITNE TEŽAVE PRI VZORČENJU MÉTIERJA/INDICATE IF THE MÉTIER IS ASSOCIATED WITH PARTICULAR SAMPLING PROBLEMS:	MAJHNE VELIKOSTI PLOVILA, ZARADI POMANKLJIVE ZAKONODAJE SO ZA DOSTOP DO PLOVILA VZORČEVALCI ODVISNI OD PRIVOLITVE RIBIČA / SMALL SIZES OF THE FISHING VESSEL, BECAUSE OF THE INSUFFICIENT LEGISLATION ABOUT THE ACCESS TO THE FISHING VESSEL THE OBSERVERS ARE DEPENDING ON THE PERSONAL APPROVAL OF THE FISHERMAN		
DRUGI ZAZNAMKI (ZGODOVINSKI IN DRUGI)/ADDITIONAL REMARKS (HISTORICAL AND OTHERS):			

PREDLOGA ZA OPIS METIERJA/METIER DESCRIPTION TEMPLATE																											
RCM	RCMMED&BS																										
GSA (RAVEN 4 PRILOGA I)/GSA (LEVEL 4 APPENDIX I)	GSA 17																										
IME METIERJA/NAME OF MÉTIER:	GTR_DEF_>=16_0_0																										
DRŽAVA ZASTAVE/FLAG COUNTRIES:	SVN																										
DATUM POSODOBITVE/DATE OF UPDATE:	15.5.2010																										
OPIS METIERJA/DESCRIPTION OF THE MÉTIER																											
PROSTORSKA PORAZDELITEV RIBOLOVNIH AKTIVNOSTI METIERJA/SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION OF THE FISHING ACTIVITY OF THE MÉTIER	SEVERNI JADRAN - OBMOČJE RIBOLOVNEGA MORJA REPUBLIKE SLOVENIJE (UR.L. RS, ŠT. 2/2006). NORTHERN ADRIATIC SEA - SEA FISHING AREA OF THE REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA (UR.L. RS, ŠT. 2/2006).																										
SEZONSKI VZOREC RIBOLOVNIH AKTIVNOSTI METIERJA/SEASONAL PATTERN OF THE FISHING ACTIVITY OF THE MÉTIER	<table border="1"> <caption>Seasonal Pattern of Fishing Trips</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Mesec/month</th> <th>število ribolovnih potovanj/no. of fishing trips</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>1</td><td>90</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>60</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>80</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>150</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>120</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>90</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>80</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>75</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>90</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>150</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>225</td></tr> <tr><td>12</td><td>150</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Mesec/month	število ribolovnih potovanj/no. of fishing trips	1	90	2	60	3	80	4	150	5	120	6	90	7	80	8	75	9	90	10	150	11	225	12	150
Mesec/month	število ribolovnih potovanj/no. of fishing trips																										
1	90																										
2	60																										
3	80																										
4	150																										
5	120																										
6	90																										
7	80																										
8	75																										
9	90																										
10	150																										
11	225																										
12	150																										
ŠTEVILO IN VELIKOST PLOVIL, UDELEŽENIH V METIERJU (PRILOGA III EC949/2008)/NUMBER OF VESSELS INVOLVED IN METIER BY LOA GROUP (APPENDIX III EC949/2008):	21 (0-<6); 29 (6-<12); 3 (12-<18)																										
OPIS RIBOLOVNIH ORODIJ IN SELEKTIVNIH NAPRAV, KI JIH UPORABLJA METIER/DETAILED GEAR TYPES AND SELECTIVITY DEVICES USED IN MÉTIER	TRISLOJNE MREŽE. V TEM METIERJU NI SELEKTIVNIH NAPRAV. / TRAMMEL NETS. THERE ARE NO SELECTIVE DEVICES IN THIS METIER.																										
UKREPI UPRAVLJANJA/MANAGEMENT	NOBENIH POSEBNIH UPRAVLJALSKIH UKREPOV. / NO SPECIFIC MANAGEMENT MEASURES IN FORCE.																										

MEASURES			
GLAVNE CILJNE IN NAKLJUČNE VRSTE METIERJA/MAIN TARGET AND BY-CATCH SPECIES FOR THE MÉTIER	CILJNA VRSTA / TARGET SPECIES: SOL (SOLEA SOLEA), FLE (PLATICHTHYS FLESUS). NAKLJUČNE VRSTE / BY-CATCH SPECIES: CTC (SEPIA OFFICINALIS), WHG (MERLANGIUS MERLANGUS).		
RAVEN ZAVRŽKA POMEMBNEJŠIH VRST (V GLAVNEM PODMNOŽICA G1 IN G2 VRST)/INDICATE LEVEL OF DISCARD OF MAJOR SPECIES (MOSTLY SUBSET OF G1 OR G2 SPECIES):	VRSTA/SPECIES	RAVEN ZAVRŽKA/LEVEL OF DISCARDING	
	SOL	NEPOMEMBNA / INSIGNIFICANT	
	FLE	NEPOMEMBNA / INSIGNIFICANT	
	CTC	NEPOMEMBNA / INSIGNIFICANT	
	WHG	POMEMBNA / SIGNIFICANT	
ALI JE OBČUTEN DEL ULOVA IZTOVORJEN V DRUGIH DRŽAVAH/IS SIGNIFICANT PART OF THE CATCHES LANDED IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES?	DRŽAVA IZTOVORA/LANDING COUNTRY	DOGOVOR O VZORČENJU (DA/NE)/SAMPLING AGREEMENT (Y/N)	
	NI PODATKOV / NO DATA	NE/N	
VZORČENJE METIERJA/SAMPLING OF THE METIER			
NAVEDI ALI JE TA METIER ZA NAMENE VZORČENJA ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI/INDICATE IF THIS MÉTIER IS MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING	METIER PRI VZORČNEJU NI ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI. MÉTIER IS NOT MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING.		
UTEMELJITEV ZDRUŽEVANJA METIERJEV/JUSTIFICATION FOR MERGING:	METIER PRI VZORČNEJU NI ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI. MÉTIER IS NOT MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING.		
SHEMA VZORČENJA/SAMPLING SCHEME	TIP VZORČENJA/TYPE OF SAMPLING	OKVIR VZORČENJA IN PRIMARNA VZORČNA ENOTA ZA ZBIRANJE PODATKOV (POTOVANJE, DAN ITD.)/SAMPLING FRAME AND PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT FOR DATA COLLECTION (TRIP, DAY	ZBRANI PODATKI (OBDRŽANI ULOV, ZAVRŽENI ULOV, NERAZVRŠČENI ULOV) IN METODA VZORČENJA (SOČASNO, DRUGO)/DATA COLLECTED (RETAINED CATCH; DISCARDED CATCH; UNSORTED CATCH) AND SAMPLING

		ETC)	METHOD (CONCURRENT, OTHER)
	OPAZOVALCI NA MORJU/OBSERVERS AT SEA	ČETRTLETNO VZORČENJE, VZORČNA ENOTA JE RIBOLOVNO POTOVANJE / QUARTERLY, PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT IS FISHING TRIP	OBDRŽANI ULOV, ZAVRŽEK / RETAINED CATCH, DISCARD
	SAMOVZORČENJE/SELF SAMPLING	NE / N	NE / N
	VZORČENJE IZTOVORA NA OBALI (TRG, MESTO IZTOVORA)/SAMPLING LANDINGS ON SHORE (MARKET; LANDING SITE)	NE / N	NE / N
NAVEDI MOREBITNE TEŽAVE PRI VZORČENJU MÉTIERJA/INDICATE IF THE MÉTIER IS ASSOCIATED WITH PARTICULAR SAMPLING PROBLEMS:	MAJHNE VELIKOSTI PLOVILA, ZARADI POMANKLJIVE ZAKONODAJE SO ZA DOSTOP DO PLOVILA VZORČEVALCI ODVISNI OD PRIVOLITVE RIBIČA / SMALL SIZES OF THE FISHING VESSEL, BECAUSE OF THE INSUFFICIENT LEGISLATION ABOUT THE ACCESS TO THE FISHING VESSEL THE OBSERVERS ARE DEPENDING ON THE PERSONAL APPROVAL OF THE FISHERMAN		
DRUGI ZAZNAMKI (ZGODOVINSKI IN DRUGI)/ADDITIONAL REMARKS (HISTORICAL AND OTHERS):			

PREDLOGA ZA OPIS METIERJA/METIER DESCRIPTION TEMPLATE																											
RCM	RCMMED&BS																										
GSA (RAVEN 4 PRILOGA I)/GSA (LEVEL 4 APPENDIX I)	GSA 17																										
IME METIERJA/NAME OF MÉTIER:	LHP_LHM_CEP_0_0_0																										
DRŽAVA ZASTAVE/FLAG COUNTRIES:	SVN																										
DATUM POSODOBITVE/DATE OF UPDATE:	15.5.2010																										
OPIS METIERJA/DESCRIPTION OF THE MÉTIER																											
PROSTORSKA PORAZDELITEV RIBOLOVNIH AKTIVNOSTI METIERJA/SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION OF THE FISHING ACTIVITY OF THE MÉTIER	SEVERNI JADRAN - OBMOČJE RIBOLOVNEGA MORJA REPUBLIKE SLOVENIJE (UR.L. RS, ŠT. 2/2006). NORTHERN ADRIATIC SEA - SEA FISHING AREA OF THE REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA (UR.L. RS, ŠT. 2/2006).																										
SEZONSKI VZOREC RIBOLOVNIH AKTIVNOSTI METIERJA/SEASONAL PATTERN OF THE FISHING ACTIVITY OF THE MÉTIER	<table border="1"> <caption>Seasonal Pattern of Fishing Trips</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>meseč/month</th> <th>število ribolovnih potovanj/no of fishing trips</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>1</td><td>1.5</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>2.0</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>1.0</td></tr> <tr><td>12</td><td>0</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	meseč/month	število ribolovnih potovanj/no of fishing trips	1	1.5	2	2.0	3	0	4	0	5	0	6	0	7	0	8	0	9	0	10	0	11	1.0	12	0
meseč/month	število ribolovnih potovanj/no of fishing trips																										
1	1.5																										
2	2.0																										
3	0																										
4	0																										
5	0																										
6	0																										
7	0																										
8	0																										
9	0																										
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ŠTEVILO IN VELIKOST PLOVIL, UDELEŽENIH V METIERJU (PRILOGA III EC949/2008)/NUMBER OF VESSELS INVOLVED IN METIER BY LOA GROUP (APPENDIX III EC949/2008):	2 (0-<6)																										
OPIS RIBOLOVNIH ORODIJ IN SELEKTIVNIH NAPRAV, KI JIH UPORABLJA METIER/DETAILED GEAR TYPES AND SELECTIVITY DEVICES USED IN MÉTIER	ROČNE RIBIŠKE VRVICE IN RIBIŠKE PALICE ZA LOV GLAVONOŽCEV. V TEM METIERJU NI SELEKTIVNIH NAPRAV. / HAND AND POLE LINES FOR CEPHALOPODS. THERE ARE NO SELECTIVE DEVICES IN THIS METIER.																										
UKREPI UPRAVLJANJA/MANAGEMENT	NOBENIH POSEBNIH UPRAVLJALSKIH UKREPOV. / NO SPECIFIC MANAGEMENT MEASURES IN FORCE.																										

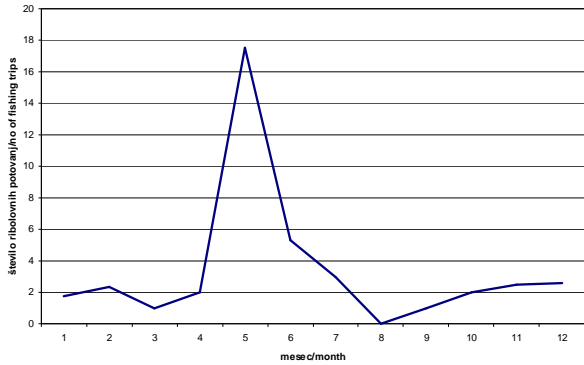
MEASURES			
GLAVNE CILJNE IN NAKLJUČNE VRSTE METIERJA/MAIN TARGET AND BY-CATCH SPECIES FOR THE MÉTIER	CILJNA VRSTA / TARGET SPECIES: SQR (LOLIGO VULGARIS), CTC (SEPIA OFFICINALIS).		
RAVEN ZAVRŽKA POMEMBNEJŠIH VRST (V GLAVNEM PODMNOŽICA G1 IN G2 VRST)/INDICATE LEVEL OF DISCARD OF MAJOR SPECIES (MOSTLY SUBSET OF G1 OR G2 SPECIES):	VRSTA/SPECIES	RAVEN ZAVRŽKA/LEVEL OF DISCARDING	
	NI PODATKOV / NO DATA	NI PODATKOV / NO DATA	
ALI JE OBČUTEN DEL ULOVA IZTOVORJEN V DRUGIH DRŽAVAH/IS SIGNIFICANT PART OF THE CATCHES LANDED IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES?	DRŽAVA IZTOVORA/LANDING COUNTRY	DOGOVOR O VZORČENJU (DA/NE)/SAMPLING AGREEMENT (Y/N)	
	NI PODATKOV / NO DATA		
VZORČENJE METIERJA/SAMPLING OF THE METIER			
NAVEDI ALI JE TA METIER ZA NAMENE VZORČENJA ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI/INDICATE IF THIS MÉTIER IS MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING	METIER PRI VZORČNEJU NI ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI. MÉTIER IS NOT MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING.		
UTEMELJITEV ZDRUŽEVANJA METIERJEV/JUSTIFICATION FOR MERGING:	METIER PRI VZORČNEJU NI ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI. MÉTIER IS NOT MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING.		
SHEMA VZORČENJA/SAMPLING SCHEME	TIP VZORČENJA/TYPE OF SAMPLING	OKVIR VZORČENJA IN PRIMARNA VZORČNA ENOTA ZA ZBIRANJE PODATKOV (POTOVANJE, DAN ITD.)/SAMPLING FRAME AND PRIMARY SAMPLING	ZBRANI PODATKI (OBDRŽANI ULOV, ZAVRŽENI ULOV, NERAZVRŠČENI ULOV) IN METODA VZORČENJA (SOČASNO, DRUGO)/DATA COLLECTED (RETAINED CATCH; DISCARDED CATCH;

		UNIT FOR DATA COLLECTION (TRIP, DAY ETC)	UNSORTED CATCH) AND SAMPLING METHOD (CONCURRENT, OTHER)
	OPAZOVALCI NA MORJU/OBSERVERS AT SEA	NE / N	NE / N
	SAMOVZORČENJE/SELF SAMPLING	NE / N	NE / N
	VZORČENJE IZTOVORA NA OBALI (TRG, MESTO IZTOVORA)/SAMPLING LANDINGS ON SHORE (MARKET; LANDING SITE)	NE / N	NE / N
NAVEDI MOREBITNE TEŽAVE PRI VZORČENJU METIERJA/INDICATE IF THE MÉTIER IS ASSOCIATED WITH PARTICULAR SAMPLING PROBLEMS:	MAJHNE VELIKOSTI PLOVILA, ZARADI POMANKLJIVE ZAKONODAJE SO ZA DOSTOP DO PLOVILA VZORČEVALCI ODVISNI OD PRIVOLITVE RIBIČA / SMALL SIZES OF THE FISHING VESSEL, BECAUSE OF THE INSUFFICIENT LEGISLATION ABOUT THE ACCESS TO THE FISHING VESSEL THE OBSERVERS ARE DEPENDING ON THE PERSONAL APPROVAL OF THE FISHERMAN		
DRUGI ZAZNAMKI (ZGODOVINSKI IN DRUGI)/ADDITIONAL REMARKS (HISTORICAL AND OTHERS):			

PREDLOGA ZA OPIS METIERJA/METIER DESCRIPTION TEMPLATE																											
RCM	RCMMED&BS																										
GSA (RAVEN 4 PRILOGA I)/GSA (LEVEL 4 APPENDIX I)	GSA 17																										
IME METIERJA/NAME OF MÉTIER:	LHP_LHM_FIF_0_0_0																										
DRŽAVA ZASTAVE/FLAG COUNTRIES:	SVN																										
DATUM POSODOBITVE/DATE OF UPDATE:	15.5.2010																										
OPIS METIERJA/DESCRIPTION OF THE MÉTIER																											
PROSTORSKA PORAZDELITEV RIBOLOVNIH AKTIVNOSTI METIERJA/SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION OF THE FISHING ACTIVITY OF THE MÉTIER	SEVERNI JADRAN - OBMOČJE RIBOLOVNEGA MORJA REPUBLIKE SLOVENIJE (UR.L. RS, ŠT. 2/2006). NORTHERN ADRIATIC SEA - SEA FISHING AREA OF THE REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA (UR.L. RS, ŠT. 2/2006).																										
SEZONSKI VZOREC RIBOLOVNIH AKTIVNOSTI METIERJA/SEASONAL PATTERN OF THE FISHING ACTIVITY OF THE MÉTIER	<table border="1"> <caption>Seasonal Pattern of Fishing Activity</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Meseč/month</th> <th>Število ribolovnih potovanj/no. of fishing trips</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>1</td><td>2.5</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>2.0</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>1.0</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>1.0</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>3.0</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>0.0</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>0.0</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>0.0</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>1.0</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>2.0</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>2.0</td></tr> <tr><td>12</td><td>1.5</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Meseč/month	Število ribolovnih potovanj/no. of fishing trips	1	2.5	2	2.0	3	1.0	4	1.0	5	3.0	6	0.0	7	0.0	8	0.0	9	1.0	10	2.0	11	2.0	12	1.5
Meseč/month	Število ribolovnih potovanj/no. of fishing trips																										
1	2.5																										
2	2.0																										
3	1.0																										
4	1.0																										
5	3.0																										
6	0.0																										
7	0.0																										
8	0.0																										
9	1.0																										
10	2.0																										
11	2.0																										
12	1.5																										
ŠTEVILO IN VELIKOST PLOVIL, UDELEŽENIH V METIERJU (PRILOGA III EC949/2008)/NUMBER OF VESSELS INVOLVED IN METIER BY LOA GROUP (APPENDIX III EC949/2008):	2 (0-<6); 2 (6-<12)																										
OPIS RIBOLOVNIH ORODIJ IN SELEKTIVNIH NAPRAV, KI JIH UPORABLJA METIER/DETAILED GEAR TYPES AND SELECTIVITY DEVICES USED IN MÉTIER	ROČNE RIBIŠKE VRVICE IN RIBIŠKE PALICE ZA LOV ŽARKOPLAVUTARIC. V TEM METIERJU NI SELEKTIVNIH NAPRAV. / HAND AND POLE LINES FOR FINFISH. THERE ARE NO SELECTIVE DEVICES IN THIS METIER.																										
UKREPI UPRAVLJANJA/MANAGEMENT	NOBENIH POSEBNIH UPRAVLJALSKIH UKREPOV. / NO SPECIFIC MANAGEMENT MEASURES IN FORCE.																										

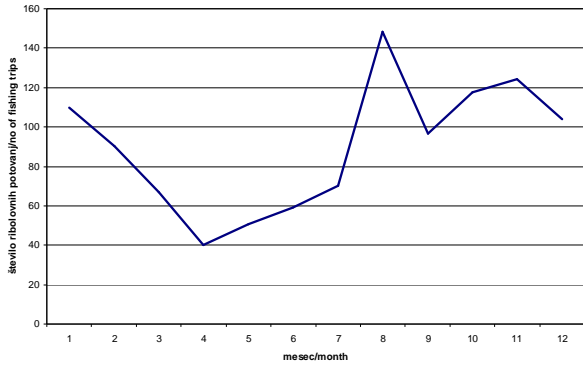
MEASURES			
GLAVNE CILJNE IN NAKLJUČNE VRSTE METIERJA/MAIN TARGET AND BY-CATCH SPECIES FOR THE MÉTIER	CILJNA VRSTA / TARGET SPECIES: FLE (PLATICHTHYS FLESUS). NAKLJUČNE VRSTE / BY-CATCH SPECIES: WHG (MERLANGIUS MERLANGUS).		
RAVEN ZAVRŽKA POMEMBNEJŠIH VRST (V GLAVNEM PODMNOŽICA G1 IN G2 VRST)/INDICATE LEVEL OF DISCARD OF MAJOR SPECIES (MOSTLY SUBSET OF G1 OR G2 SPECIES):	VRSTA/SPECIES	RAVEN ZAVRŽKA/LEVEL OF DISCARDING	
	NI PODATKOV / NO DATA	NI PODATKOV / NO DATA	
ALI JE OBČUTEN DEL ULOVA IZTOVORJEN V DRUGIH DRŽAVAH/IS SIGNIFICANT PART OF THE CATCHES LANDED IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES?	DRŽAVA IZTOVORA/LANDING COUNTRY	DOGOVOR O VZORČENJU (DA/NE)/SAMPLING AGREEMENT (Y/N)	
	NI PODATKOV / NO DATA	NE/N	
VZORČENJE METIERJA/SAMPLING OF THE METIER			
NAVEDI ALI JE TA METIER ZA NAMENE VZORČENJA ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI/INDICATE IF THIS MÉTIER IS MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING	METIER PRI VZORČNEJU NI ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI. MÉTIER IS NOT MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING.		
UTEMELJITEV ZDRUŽEVANJA METIERJEV/JUSTIFICATION FOR MERGING:	METIER PRI VZORČNEJU NI ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI. MÉTIER IS NOT MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING.		
SHEMA VZORČENJA/SAMPLING SCHEME	TIP VZORČENJA/TYPE OF SAMPLING	OKVIR VZORČENJA IN PRIMARNA VZORČNA ENOTA ZA ZBIRANJE PODATKOV (POTOVANJE, DAN ITD.)/SAMPLING FRAME AND PRIMARY SAMPLING	ZBRANI PODATKI (OBDRŽANI ULOV, ZAVRŽENI ULOV, NERAZVRŠČENI ULOV) IN METODA VZORČENJA (SOČASNO, DRUGO)/DATA COLLECTED (RETAINED CATCH; DISCARDED CATCH;

		UNIT FOR DATA COLLECTION (TRIP, DAY ETC)	UNSORTED CATCH) AND SAMPLING METHOD (CONCURRENT, OTHER)
	OPAZOVALCI NA MORJU/OBSERVERS AT SEA	NE / N	NE / N
	SAMOVZORČENJE/SELF SAMPLING	NE / N	NE / N
	VZORČENJE IZTOVORA NA OBALI (TRG, MESTO IZTOVORA)/SAMPLING LANDINGS ON SHORE (MARKET; LANDING SITE)	NE / N	NE / N
NAVEDI MOREBITNE TEŽAVE PRI VZORČENJU METIERJA/INDICATE IF THE MÉTIER IS ASSOCIATED WITH PARTICULAR SAMPLING PROBLEMS:	MAJHNE VELIKOSTI PLOVILA, ZARADI POMANKLJIVE ZAKONODAJE SO ZA DOSTOP DO PLOVILA VZORČEVALCI ODVISNI OD PRIVOLITVE RIBIČA / SMALL SIZES OF THE FISHING VESSEL, BECAUSE OF THE INSUFFICIENT LEGISLATION ABOUT THE ACCESS TO THE FISHING VESSEL THE OBSERVERS ARE DEPENDING ON THE PERSONAL APPROVAL OF THE FISHERMAN		
DRUGI ZAZNAMKI (ZGODOVINSKI IN DRUGI)/ADDITIONAL REMARKS (HISTORICAL AND OTHERS):			

PREDLOGA ZA OPIS METIERJA/METIER DESCRIPTION TEMPLATE																											
RCM	RCMMED&BS																										
GSA (RAVEN 4 PRILOGA I)/GSA (LEVEL 4 APPENDIX I)	GSA 17																										
IME METIERJA/NAME OF MÉTIER:	LLS_DEF_0_0_0																										
DRŽAVA ZASTAVE/FLAG COUNTRIES:	SVN																										
DATUM POSODOBITVE/DATE OF UPDATE:	15.5.2010																										
OPIS METIERJA/DESCRIPTION OF THE MÉTIER																											
PROSTORSKA PORAZDELITEV RIBOLOVNIH AKTIVNOSTI METIERJA/SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION OF THE FISHING ACTIVITY OF THE MÉTIER	SEVERNI JADRAN - OBMOČJE RIBOLOVNEGA MORJA REPUBLIKE SLOVENIJE (UR.L. RS, ŠT. 2/2006). NORTHERN ADRIATIC SEA - SEA FISHING AREA OF THE REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA (UR.L. RS, ŠT. 2/2006).																										
SEZONSKI VZOREC RIBOLOVNIH AKTIVNOSTI METIERJA/SEASONAL PATTERN OF THE FISHING ACTIVITY OF THE MÉTIER	 <table border="1"> <caption>Seasonal Pattern of Fishing Trips</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Meseč/month</th> <th>Število ribolovnih potovanj/no. of fishing trips</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>1</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>17</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>3</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>12</td><td>2</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Meseč/month	Število ribolovnih potovanj/no. of fishing trips	1	2	2	2	3	1	4	2	5	17	6	5	7	3	8	0	9	1	10	2	11	2	12	2
Meseč/month	Število ribolovnih potovanj/no. of fishing trips																										
1	2																										
2	2																										
3	1																										
4	2																										
5	17																										
6	5																										
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8	0																										
9	1																										
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11	2																										
12	2																										
ŠTEVILO IN VELIKOST PLOVIL, UDELEŽENIH V METIERJU (PRILOGA III EC949/2008)/NUMBER OF VESSELS INVOLVED IN METIER BY LOA GROUP (APPENDIX III EC949/2008):	4 (0-<6); 2 (6-<12)																										
OPIS RIBOLOVNIH ORODIJ IN SELEKTIVNIH NAPRAV, KI JIH UPORABLJA METIER/DETAILED GEAR TYPES AND SELECTIVITY DEVICES USED IN MÉTIER	STOJEČI PARANGALI. V TEM METIERJU NI SELEKTIVNIH NAPRAV / SET LONGLINES. THERE ARE NO SELECTIVE DEVICES IN THIS METIER.																										
UKREPI UPRAVLJANJA/MANAGEMENT	NOBENIH POSEBNIH UPRAVLJALSKIH UKREPOV. / NO SPECIFIC MANAGEMENT MEASURES IN FORCE.																										

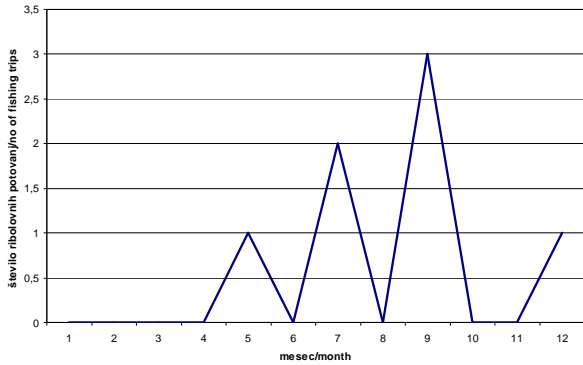
MEASURES			
GLAVNE CILJNE IN NAKLJUČNE VRSTE METIERJA/MAIN TARGET AND BY-CATCH SPECIES FOR THE MÉTIER	CILJNA VRSTA / TARGET SPECIES: WHG (MERLANGIUS MERLANGUS). NAKLJUČNE VRSTE / BY-CATCH SPECIES: PAC (PAGELLUS ERYTHRINUS).		
RAVEN ZAVRŽKA POMEMBNEJŠIH VRST (V GLAVNEM PODMNOŽICA G1 IN G2 VRST)/INDICATE LEVEL OF DISCARD OF MAJOR SPECIES (MOSTLY SUBSET OF G1 OR G2 SPECIES):	VRSTA/SPECIES	RAVEN ZAVRŽKA/LEVEL OF DISCARDING	
	NI PODATKOV / NO DATA	NI PODATKOV / NO DATA	
ALI JE OBČUTEN DEL ULOVA IZTOVORJEN V DRUGIH DRŽAVAH/IS SIGNIFICANT PART OF THE CATCHES LANDED IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES?	DRŽAVA IZTOVORA/LANDING COUNTRY	DOGOVOR O VZORČENJU (DA/NE)/SAMPLING AGREEMENT (Y/N)	
	NI PODATKOV / NO DATA		
VZORČENJE METIERJA/SAMPLING OF THE METIER			
NAVEDI ALI JE TA METIER ZA NAMENE VZORČENJA ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI/INDICATE IF THIS MÉTIER IS MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING	METIER PRI VZORČNEJU NI ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI. MÉTIER IS NOT MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING.		
UTEMELJITEV ZDRUŽEVANJA METIERJEV/JUSTIFICATION FOR MERGING:			
SHEMA VZORČENJA/SAMPLING SCHEME	TIP VZORČENJA/TYPE OF SAMPLING	OKVIR VZORČENJA IN PRIMARNA VZORČNA ENOTA ZA ZBIRANJE PODATKOV (POTOVANJE, DAN ITD.)/SAMPLING FRAME AND PRIMARY SAMPLING	ZBRANI PODATKI (OBDRŽANI ULOV, ZAVRŽENI ULOV, NERAZVRŠČENI ULOV) IN METODA VZORČENJA (SOČASNO, DRUGO)/DATA COLLECTED (RETAINED CATCH; DISCARDED CATCH;

		UNIT FOR DATA COLLECTION (TRIP, DAY ETC)	UNSORTED CATCH) AND SAMPLING METHOD (CONCURRENT, OTHER)
	OPAZOVALCI NA MORJU/OBSERVERS AT SEA	NE / N	NE / N
	SAMOVZORČENJE/SELF SAMPLING	NE / N	NE / N
	VZORČENJE IZTOVORA NA OBALI (TRG, MESTO IZTOVORA)/SAMPLING LANDINGS ON SHORE (MARKET; LANDING SITE)	NE / N	NE / N
NAVEDI MOREBITNE TEŽAVE PRI VZORČENJU METIERJA/INDICATE IF THE MÉTIER IS ASSOCIATED WITH PARTICULAR SAMPLING PROBLEMS:	MAJHNE VELIKOSTI PLOVILA, ZARADI POMANKLJIVE ZAKONODAJE SO ZA DOSTOP DO PLOVILA VZORČEVALCI ODVISNI OD PRIVOLITVE RIBIČA / SMALL SIZES OF THE FISHING VESSEL, BECAUSE OF THE INSUFFICIENT LEGISLATION ABOUT THE ACCESS TO THE FISHING VESSEL THE OBSERVERS ARE DEPENDING ON THE PERSONAL APPROVAL OF THE FISHERMAN		
DRUGI ZAZNAMKI (ZGODOVINSKI IN DRUGI)/ADDITIONAL REMARKS (HISTORICAL AND OTHERS):			

PREDLOGA ZA OPIS METIERJA/METIER DESCRIPTION TEMPLATE																											
RCM	RCMMED&BS																										
GSA (RAVEN 4 PRILOGA I)/GSA (LEVEL 4 APPENDIX I)	GSA 17																										
IME METIERJA/NAME OF MÉTIER:	OTB_DEF_>=40_0_0																										
DRŽAVA ZASTAVE/FLAG COUNTRIES:	SVN																										
DATUM POSODOBITVE/DATE OF UPDATE:	15.5.2010																										
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PROSTORSKA PORAZDELITEV RIBOLOVNIH AKTIVNOSTI METIERJA/SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION OF THE FISHING ACTIVITY OF THE MÉTIER	SEVERNI JADRAN - OBMOČJE RIBOLOVNEGA MORJA REPUBLIKE SLOVENIJE (UR.L. RS, ŠT. 2/2006). NORTHERN ADRIATIC SEA - SEA FISHING AREA OF THE REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA (UR.L. RS, ŠT. 2/2006).																										
SEZONSKI VZOREC RIBOLOVNIH AKTIVNOSTI METIERJA/SEASONAL PATTERN OF THE FISHING ACTIVITY OF THE MÉTIER	 <table border="1"> <caption>Seasonal Pattern of Fishing Activity (Estimated Data)</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Mesec/month</th> <th>število ribolovnih potovanj/no. of fishing trips</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>1</td><td>110</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>90</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>65</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>40</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>50</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>60</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>70</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>145</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>95</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>115</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>125</td></tr> <tr><td>12</td><td>105</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Mesec/month	število ribolovnih potovanj/no. of fishing trips	1	110	2	90	3	65	4	40	5	50	6	60	7	70	8	145	9	95	10	115	11	125	12	105
Mesec/month	število ribolovnih potovanj/no. of fishing trips																										
1	110																										
2	90																										
3	65																										
4	40																										
5	50																										
6	60																										
7	70																										
8	145																										
9	95																										
10	115																										
11	125																										
12	105																										
ŠTEVILO IN VELIKOST PLOVIL, UDELEŽENIH V METIERJU (PRILOGA III EC949/2008)/NUMBER OF VESSELS INVOLVED IN METIER BY LOA GROUP (APPENDIX III EC949/2008):	1 (0-<6); 6 (6-<12); 14 (12-<18)																										
OPIS RIBOLOVNIH ORODIJ IN SELEKTIVNIH NAPRAV, KI JIH UPORABLJA METIER/DETAILED GEAR TYPES AND SELECTIVITY DEVICES USED IN MÉTIER	PRIDNE VLEČNE MREŽE S ŠIRILKAMI. V TEM METIERJU NI SELEKTIVNIH NAPRAV BOTTOM OTTER TRAWLS. THERE ARE NO SELECTIVE DEVICES IN THIS METIER.																										
UKREPI UPRAVLJANJA/MANAGEMENT	SE NE IZDAJA NOVIH DOVOLJENJ ZA GOSPODARSKI RIBOLOV. / NO ISSUING OF NEW FISHING PERMITS FOR COMMERCIAL																										

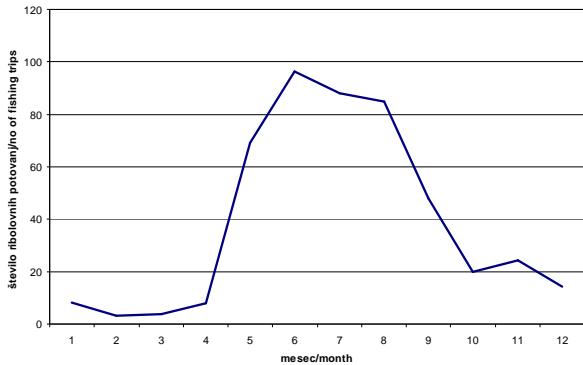
MEASURES	FISHING.		
GLAVNE CILJNE IN NAKLJUČNE VRSTE METIERJA/MAIN TARGET AND BY-CATCH SPECIES FOR THE MÉTIER	CILJNA VRSTA / TARGET SPECIES: WHG (MERLANGIUS MERLANGUS), EDT (ELEDONE MOSCHATA), CTC (SEPIA OFFICINALIS). NAKLJUČNE VRSTE / BY-CATCH SPECIES: SQR (LOLIGO VULGARIS), BPI (SPICARA FLEXUOSA).		
RAVEN ZAVRŽKA POMEMBNEJŠIH VRST (V GLAVNEM PODMNOŽICA G1 IN G2 VRST)/INDICATE LEVEL OF DISCARD OF MAJOR SPECIES (MOSTLY SUBSET OF G1 OR G2 SPECIES):	VRSTA/SPECIES	RAVEN ZAVRŽKA/LEVEL OF DISCARDING	
	WHG	NEPOMEMBNA / INSIGNIFICANT	
	EDT	NEPOMEMBNA / INSIGNIFICANT	
	CTC	NEPOMEMBNA / INSIGNIFICANT	
	SQR	NEPOMEMBNA / INSIGNIFICANT	
	BPI	POMEMBNA / SIGNIFICANT	
ALI JE OBČUTEN DEL ULOVA IZTOVORJEN V DRUGIH DRŽAVAH/IS SIGNIFICANT PART OF THE CATCHES LANDED IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES?	DRŽAVA IZTOVORA/LANDING COUNTRY	DOGOVOR O VZORČENJU (DA/NE)/SAMPLING AGREEMENT (Y/N)	
	NI PODATKOV / NO DATA	NE/N	
VZORČENJE METIERJA/SAMPLING OF THE MÉTIER			
NAVEDI ALI JE TA METIER ZA NAMENE VZORČENJA ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI/INDICATE IF THIS MÉTIER IS MERGED WITH OTHER MÉTIERS FOR SAMPLING	METIER PRI VZORČNEJU NI ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI. MÉTIER IS NOT MERGED WITH OTHER MÉTIERS FOR SAMPLING.		
UTEMELJITEV ZDRUŽEVANJA METIERJEV/JUSTIFICATION FOR MERGING:	METIER PRI VZORČNEJU NI ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI. MÉTIER IS NOT MERGED WITH OTHER MÉTIERS FOR SAMPLING.		
SHEMA VZORČENJA/SAMPLING SCHEME	TIP VZORČENJA/TYPE OF SAMPLING	OKVIR VZORČENJA IN PRIMARNA VZORČNA ENOTA ZA ZBIRANJE PODATKOV (POTOVANJE, DAN ITD.)/SAMPLING FRAME AND PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT FOR DATA	ZBRANI PODATKI (OBDRŽANI ULOV, ZAVRŽENI ULOV, NERAZVRŠČENI ULOV) IN METODA VZORČENJA (SOČASNO, DRUGO)/DATA COLLECTED (RETAINED CATCH; DISCARDED CATCH; UNSORTED

		COLLECTION (TRIP, DAY ETC)	CATCH) AND SAMPLING METHOD (CONCURRENT, OTHER)
	OPAZOVALCI NA MORJU/OBSERVERS AT SEA	ČETRTLETNO VZORČENJE, VZORČNA ENOTA JE RIBOLOVNO POTOVANJE / QUARTERLY, PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT IS FISHING TRIP	OBDRŽANI ULOV, DOLŽINA, TEŽA, SPOL, ZRELOST, + ZAVRŽEK / RETAINED CATCH, LENGTH, WEIGHT, SEX, MATURITY + DISCARD
	SAMOVZORČENJE/SELF SAMPLING	NE / N	NE / N
	VZORČENJE IZTOVORA NA OBALI (TRG, MESTO IZTOVORA)/SAMPLING LANDINGS ON SHORE (MARKET; LANDING SITE)	NE / N	NE / N
NAVEDI MOREBITNE TEŽAVE PRI VZORČENJU MÉTIERJA/INDICATE IF THE MÉTIER IS ASSOCIATED WITH PARTICULAR SAMPLING PROBLEMS:	ZARADI POMANKLJIVE ZAKONODAJE SO ZA DOSTOP DO PLOVILA VZORČEVALCI ODVISNI OD PRIVOLITVE LASTNIKA (RIBIČA) / BECAUSE OF THE INSUFFICIENT LEGISLATION ABOUT THE ACCESS TO THE FISHING VESSEL THE OBSERVERS ARE DEPENDING ON THE PERSONAL APPROVAL OF THE OWNER (FISHERMAN)		
DRUGI ZAZNAMKI (ZGODOVINSKI IN DRUGI)/ADDITIONAL REMARKS (HISTORICAL AND OTHERS):			

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DRŽAVA ZASTAVE/FLAG COUNTRIES:	SVN																										
DATUM POSODOBITVE/DATE OF UPDATE:	15.5.2010																										
OPIS METIERJA/DESCRIPTION OF THE MÉTIER																											
PROSTORSKA PORAZDELITEV RIBOLOVNIH AKTIVNOSTI METIERJA/SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION OF THE FISHING ACTIVITY OF THE MÉTIER	SEVERNI JADRAN - OBMOČJE RIBOLOVNEGA MORJA REPUBLIKE SLOVENIJE (UR.L. RS, ŠT. 2/2006). NORTHERN ADRIATIC SEA - SEA FISHING AREA OF THE REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA (UR.L. RS, ŠT. 2/2006).																										
SEZONSKI VZOREC RIBOLOVNIH AKTIVNOSTI METIERJA/SEASONAL PATTERN OF THE FISHING ACTIVITY OF THE MÉTIER	 <table border="1"> <caption>Seasonal Pattern of Fishing Activity</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Meseč/month</th> <th>Število ribolovnih potovanj/no. of fishing trips</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>1</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>3</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>12</td><td>1</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Meseč/month	Število ribolovnih potovanj/no. of fishing trips	1	0	2	0	3	0	4	0	5	1	6	0	7	2	8	0	9	3	10	0	11	0	12	1
Meseč/month	Število ribolovnih potovanj/no. of fishing trips																										
1	0																										
2	0																										
3	0																										
4	0																										
5	1																										
6	0																										
7	2																										
8	0																										
9	3																										
10	0																										
11	0																										
12	1																										
ŠTEVILO IN VELIKOST PLOVIL, UDELEŽENIH V METIERJU (PRILOGA III EC949/2008)/NUMBER OF VESSELS INVOLVED IN METIER BY LOA GROUP (APPENDIX III EC949/2008):	1 (12-<18); 2 (24-<40)																										
OPIS RIBOLOVNIH ORODIJ IN SELEKTIVNIH NAPRAV, KI JIH UPORABLJA METIER/DETAILED GEAR TYPES AND SELECTIVITY DEVICES USED IN MÉTIER	PELAGIČNE VLEČNE MREŽE S ŠIRILKAMI. V TEM METIERJU NI SELEKTIVNIH NAPRAV. MIDWATER OTTER TRAWLS. THERE ARE NO SELECTIVE DEVICES IN THIS METIER.																										
UKREPI UPRAVLJANJA/MANAGEMENT	SE NE IZDAJA NOVIH DOVOLJENJ ZA GOSPODARSKI RIBOLOV. / NO ISSUING OF NEW FISHING PERMITS FOR COMMERCIAL																										

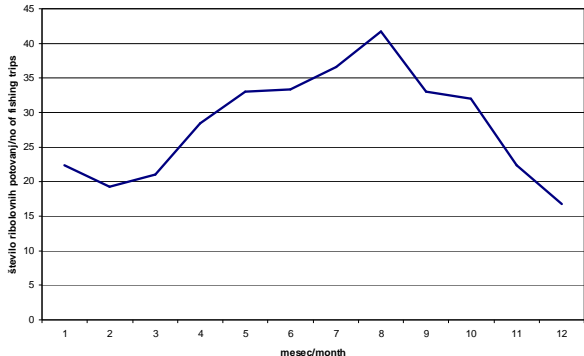
MEASURES	FISHING.		
GLAVNE CILJNE IN NAKLJUČNE VRSTE METIERJA/MAIN TARGET AND BY-CATCH SPECIES FOR THE MÉTIER	CILJNA VRSTA / TARGET SPECIES: PIL (SARDINA PILCHARDUS), ANE (ENGRAULIS ENCRASICOLUS).		
RAVEN ZAVRŽKA POMEMBNEJŠIH VRST (V GLAVNEM PODMNOŽICA G1 IN G2 VRST)/INDICATE LEVEL OF DISCARD OF MAJOR SPECIES (MOSTLY SUBSET OF G1 OR G2 SPECIES):	VRSTA/SPECIES	RAVEN ZAVRŽKA/LEVEL OF DISCARDING	
	NI PODATKOV / NO DATA	NI PODATKOV / NO DATA	
ALI JE OBČUTEN DEL ULOVA IZTOVORJEN V DRUGIH DRŽAVAH/IS SIGNIFICANT PART OF THE CATCHES LANDED IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES?	DRŽAVA IZTOVORA/LANDING COUNTRY	DOGOVOR O VZORČENJU (DA/NE)/SAMPLING AGREEMENT (Y/N)	
	NI PODATKOV / NO DATA		
VZORČENJE METIERJA/SAMPLING OF THE METIER			
NAVEDI ALI JE TA METIER ZA NAMENE VZORČENJA ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI/INDICATE IF THIS MÉTIER IS MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING	METIER PRI VZORČNEJU NI ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI. MÉTIER IS NOT MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING.		
UTEMELJITEV ZDRUŽEVANJA METIERJEV/JUSTIFICATION FOR MERGING:	METIER PRI VZORČNEJU NI ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI. MÉTIER IS NOT MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING.		
SHEMA VZORČENJA/SAMPLING SCHEME	TIP VZORČENJA/TYPE OF SAMPLING	OKVIR VZORČENJA IN PRIMARNA VZORČNA ENOTA ZA ZBIRANJE PODATKOV (POTOVANJE, DAN ITD.)/SAMPLING FRAME AND PRIMARY SAMPLING	ZBRANI PODATKI (OBDRŽANI ULOV, ZAVRŽENI ULOV, NERAZVRŠČENI ULOV) IN METODA VZORČENJA (SOČASNO, DRUGO)/DATA COLLECTED (RETAINED CATCH; DISCARDED CATCH;

		UNIT FOR DATA COLLECTION (TRIP, DAY ETC)	UNSORTED CATCH) AND SAMPLING METHOD (CONCURRENT, OTHER)
	OPAZOVALCI NA MORJU/OBSERVERS AT SEA	NE / N	NE / N
	SAMOVZORČENJE/SELF SAMPLING	NE / N	NE / N
	VZORČENJE IZTOVORA NA OBALI (TRG, MESTO IZTOVORA)/SAMPLING LANDINGS ON SHORE (MARKET; LANDING SITE)	NE / N	NE / N
NAVEDI MOREBITNE TEŽAVE PRI VZORČENJU METIERJA/INDICATE IF THE MÉTIER IS ASSOCIATED WITH PARTICULAR SAMPLING PROBLEMS:	ZARADI POMANKLJIVE ZAKONODAJE SO ZA DOSTOP DO PLOVILA VZORČEVALCI ODVISNI OD PRIVOLITVE LASTNIKA (RIBIČA) / BECAUSE OF THE INSUFFICIENT LEGISLATION ABOUT THE ACCESS TO THE FISHING VESSEL THE OBSERVERS ARE DEPENDING ON THE PERSONAL APPROVAL OF THE OWNER (FISHERMAN)		
DRUGI ZAZNAMKI (ZGODOVINSKI IN DRUGI)/ADDITIONAL REMARKS (HISTORICAL AND OTHERS):			

PREDLOGA ZA OPIS METIERJA/METIER DESCRIPTION TEMPLATE																											
RCM	RCMMED&BS																										
GSA (RAVEN 4 PRILOGA I)/GSA (LEVEL 4 APPENDIX I)	GSA 17																										
IME METIERJA/NAME OF MÉTIER:	PS_SPF_>=14_0_0																										
DRŽAVA ZASTAVE/FLAG COUNTRIES:	SVN																										
DATUM POSODOBITVE/DATE OF UPDATE:	15.5.2010																										
OPIS METIERJA/DESCRIPTION OF THE MÉTIER																											
PROSTORSKA PORAZDELITEV RIBOLOVNIH AKTIVNOSTI METIERJA/SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION OF THE FISHING ACTIVITY OF THE MÉTIER	SEVERNI JADRAN - OBMOČJE RIBOLOVNEGA MORJA REPUBLIKE SLOVENIJE (UR.L. RS, ŠT. 2/2006). NORTHERN ADRIATIC SEA - SEA FISHING AREA OF THE REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA (UR.L. RS, ŠT. 2/2006).																										
SEZONSKI VZOREC RIBOLOVNIH AKTIVNOSTI METIERJA/SEASONAL PATTERN OF THE FISHING ACTIVITY OF THE MÉTIER	 <table border="1"> <caption>Seasonal Pattern of Fishing Activity</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Mesec/month</th> <th>število ribolovnih potovanj/no of fishing trips</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>1</td><td>10</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>10</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>70</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>95</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>90</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>85</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>50</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>20</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>25</td></tr> <tr><td>12</td><td>15</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Mesec/month	število ribolovnih potovanj/no of fishing trips	1	10	2	5	3	5	4	10	5	70	6	95	7	90	8	85	9	50	10	20	11	25	12	15
Mesec/month	število ribolovnih potovanj/no of fishing trips																										
1	10																										
2	5																										
3	5																										
4	10																										
5	70																										
6	95																										
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12	15																										
ŠTEVILO IN VELIKOST PLOVIL, UDELEŽENIH V METIERJU (PRILOGA III EC949/2008)/NUMBER OF VESSELS INVOLVED IN METIER BY LOA GROUP (APPENDIX III EC949/2008):	1 (0-<6); 4 (6-<12); 4 (12-<18)																										
OPIS RIBOLOVNIH ORODIJ IN SELEKTIVNIH NAPRAV, KI JIH UPORABLJA METIER/DETAILED GEAR TYPES AND SELECTIVITY DEVICES USED IN MÉTIER	ZAPORNE PLAVARICE. V TEM METIERJU NI SELEKTIVNIH NAPRAV. PURSE SEINES. THERE ARE NO SELECTIVE DEVICES IN THIS METIER.																										
UKREPI UPRAVLJANJA/MANAGEMENT	NOBENIH POSEBNIH UPRAVLJALSKIH UKREPOV. / NO SPECIFIC MANAGEMENT MEASURES IN FORCE.																										

MEASURES			
GLAVNE CILJNE IN NAKLJUČNE VRSTE METIERJA/MAIN TARGET AND BY-CATCH SPECIES FOR THE MÉTIER	CILJNA VRSTA / TARGET SPECIES: ANE (ENGRAULIS ENCRASICOLUS), PIL (SARDINA PILCHARDUS), MUL (MUGILIDAE). NAKLJUČNE VRSTE / BY-CATCH SPECIES: MAC (SCOMBER SCOMBRUS), JAX (TRACHURUS SP.), SPR (SPRATTUS SPRATTUS), SAA (SARDINELLA AURITA).		
RAVEN ZAVRŽKA POMEMBNEJŠIH VRST (V GLAVNEM PODMNOŽICA G1 IN G2 VRST)/INDICATE LEVEL OF DISCARD OF MAJOR SPECIES (MOSTLY SUBSET OF G1 OR G2 SPECIES):	VRSTA/SPECIES	RAVEN ZAVRŽKA/LEVEL OF DISCARDING	
	ANE	NEPOMEMBNA / INSIGNIFICANT	
	PIL	NEPOMEMBNA / INSIGNIFICANT	
ALI JE OBČUTEN DEL ULOVA IZTOVORJEN V DRUGIH DRŽAVAH/IS SIGNIFICANT PART OF THE CATCHES LANDED IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES?	DRŽAVA IZTOVORA/LANDING COUNTRY	DOGOVOR O VZORČENJU (DA/NE)/SAMPLING AGREEMENT (Y/N)	
	NI PODATKOV / NO DATA		
VZORČENJE METIERJA/SAMPLING OF THE METIER			
NAVEDI ALI JE TA METIER ZA NAMENE VZORČENJA ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI/INDICATE IF THIS MÉTIER IS MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING	METIER PRI VZORČNEJU NI ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI. MÉTIER IS NOT MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING.		
UTEMELJITEV ZDRUŽEVANJA METIERJEV/JUSTIFICATION FOR MERGING:	METIER PRI VZORČNEJU NI ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI. MÉTIER IS NOT MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING.		
SHEMA VZORČENJA/SAMPLING SCHEME	TIP VZORČENJA/TYPE OF SAMPLING	OKVIR VZORČENJA IN PRIMARNA VZORČNA ENOTA ZA ZBIRANJE PODATKOV (POTOVANJE, DAN ITD.)/SAMPLING FRAME AND PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT FOR DATA COLLECTION (TRIP, DAY ETC)	ZBRANI PODATKI (OBRŽANI ULOV, ZAVRŽENI ULOV, NERAZVRŠČENI ULOV) IN METODA VZORČENJA (SOČASNO, DRUGO)/DATA COLLECTED (RETAINED CATCH; DISCARDED CATCH; UNSORTED CATCH) AND SAMPLING METHOD

			(CONCURRENT, OTHER)
	OPAZOVALCI NA MORJU/OBSERVERS AT SEA	ČETRTLETNO VZORČENJE, VZORČNA ENOTA JE RIBOLOVNO POTOVANJE / QUARTERLY, PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT IS FISHING TRIP	OBDRŽANI ULOV, ZAVRŽEK / RETAINED CATCH, DISCARD
	SAMOVZORČENJE/SELF SAMPLING	NE / N	NE / N
	VZORČENJE IZTOVORA NA OBALI (TRG, MESTO IZTOVORA)/SAMPLING LANDINGS ON SHORE (MARKET; LANDING SITE)	MESEČNO VZORČENJE OB IZTOVORU NA OBALI / MONTHLY SAMPLING ON THE LANDING SITE	DOLŽINA, TEŽA, SPOL, ZRELOST, STAROST / LENGTH, WEIGHT, SEX, MATURITY, AGE
NAVEDI MOREBITNE TEŽAVE PRI VZORČENJU MÉTIERJA/INDICATE IF THE MÉTIER IS ASSOCIATED WITH PARTICULAR SAMPLING PROBLEMS:	ZARADI POMANKLJIVE ZAKONODAJE SO ZA DOSTOP DO PLOVILA VZORČEVALCI ODVISNI OD PRIVOLITVE LASTNIKA (RIBIČA) / BECAUSE OF THE INSUFFICIENT LEGISLATION ABOUT THE ACCESS TO THE FISHING VESSEL THE OBSERVERS ARE DEPENDING ON THE PERSONAL APPROVAL OF THE OWNER (FISHERMAN)		
DRUGI ZAZNAMKI (ZGODOVINSKI IN DRUGI)/ADDITIONAL REMARKS (HISTORICAL AND OTHERS):			

PREDLOGA ZA OPIS METIERJA/METIER DESCRIPTION TEMPLATE																											
RCM	RCMMED&BS																										
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DRŽAVA ZASTAVE/FLAG COUNTRIES:	SVN																										
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PROSTORSKA PORAZDELITEV RIBOLOVNIH AKTIVNOSTI METIERJA/SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION OF THE FISHING ACTIVITY OF THE MÉTIER	SEVERNI JADRAN - OBMOČJE RIBOLOVNEGA MORJA REPUBLIKE SLOVENIJE (UR.L. RS, ŠT. 2/2006). NORTHERN ADRIATIC SEA - SEA FISHING AREA OF THE REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA (UR.L. RS, ŠT. 2/2006).																										
SEZONSKI VZOREC RIBOLOVNIH AKTIVNOSTI METIERJA/SEASONAL PATTERN OF THE FISHING ACTIVITY OF THE MÉTIER	 <table border="1"> <caption>Seasonal Pattern of Fishing Activity (Estimated Data)</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Mesec/month</th> <th>število ribolovnih potovanj/no. of fishing trips</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>1</td><td>22</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>19</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>21</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>28</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>33</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>34</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>37</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>42</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>33</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>32</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>22</td></tr> <tr><td>12</td><td>17</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Mesec/month	število ribolovnih potovanj/no. of fishing trips	1	22	2	19	3	21	4	28	5	33	6	34	7	37	8	42	9	33	10	32	11	22	12	17
Mesec/month	število ribolovnih potovanj/no. of fishing trips																										
1	22																										
2	19																										
3	21																										
4	28																										
5	33																										
6	34																										
7	37																										
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ŠTEVILO IN VELIKOST PLOVIL, UDELEŽENIH V METIERJU (PRILOGA III EC949/2008)/NUMBER OF VESSELS INVOLVED IN METIER BY LOA GROUP (APPENDIX III EC949/2008):	2 (24-<40)																										
OPIS RIBOLOVNIH ORODIJ IN SELEKTIVNIH NAPRAV, KI JIH UPORABLJA METIER/DETAILED GEAR TYPES AND SELECTIVITY DEVICES USED IN MÉTIER	PELAGIČNE VLEČNE MREŽE UPRAVLJANE Z DVEH PLOVIL. V TEM METIERJU NI SELEKTIVNIH NAPRAV. PELAGIC PAIR TRAWLS. THERE ARE NO SELECTIVE DEVICES IN THIS METIER.																										
UKREPI UPRAVLJANJA/MANAGEMENT	SE NE IZDAJA NOVIH DOVOLJENJ ZA GOSPODARSKI RIBOLOV. / NO ISSUING OF NEW FISHING PERMITS FOR COMMERCIAL																										

MEASURES	FISHING.		
GLAVNE CILJNE IN NAKLJUČNE VRSTE METIERJA/MAIN TARGET AND BY-CATCH SPECIES FOR THE MÉTIER	CILJNA VRSTA / TARGET SPECIES: PIL (SARDINA PILCHARDUS), ANE (ENGRAULIS ENCRASICOLUS). NAKLJUČNE VRSTE / BY-CATCH SPECIES: SPR (SPRATTUS SPRATTUS).		
RAVEN ZAVRŽKA POMEMBNEJŠIH VRST (V GLAVNEM PODMNOŽICA G1 IN G2 VRST)/INDICATE LEVEL OF DISCARD OF MAJOR SPECIES (MOSTLY SUBSET OF G1 OR G2 SPECIES):	VRSTA/SPECIES	RAVEN ZAVRŽKA/LEVEL OF DISCARDING	
	PIL	NEPOMEMBNA / INSIGNIFICANT	
	ANE	NEPOMEMBNA / INSIGNIFICANT	
	SPR	NEPOMEMBNA / INSIGNIFICANT	
ALI JE OBČUTEN DEL ULOVA IZTOVORJEN V DRUGIH DRŽAVAH/IS SIGNIFICANT PART OF THE CATCHES LANDED IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES?	DRŽAVA IZTOVORA/LANDING COUNTRY	DOGOVOR O VZORČENJU (DA/NE)/SAMPLING AGREEMENT (Y/N)	
	NI PODATKOV / NO DATA	NE/N	
VZORČENJE METIERJA/SAMPLING OF THE METIER			
NAVEDI ALI JE TA METIER ZA NAMENE VZORČENJA ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI/INDICATE IF THIS MÉTIER IS MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING	METIER PRI VZORČNEJU NI ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI. MÉTIER IS NOT MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING.		
UTEMELJITEV ZDRUŽEVANJA METIERJEV/JUSTIFICATION FOR MERGING:	METIER PRI VZORČNEJU NI ZDRUŽEN Z DRUGIMI METIERJI. MÉTIER IS NOT MERGED WITH OTHER METIERS FOR SAMPLING.		
SHEMA VZORČENJA/SAMPLING SCHEME	TIP VZORČENJA/TYPE OF SAMPLING	OKVIR VZORČENJA IN PRIMARNA VZORČNA ENOTA ZA ZBIRANJE PODATKOV (POTOVANJE, DAN ITD.)/SAMPLING FRAME AND PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT FOR DATA COLLECTION (TRIP, DAY ETC)	ZBRANI PODATKI (OBDRŽANI ULOV, ZAVRŽENI ULOV, NERAZVRŠČENI ULOV) IN METODA VZORČENJA (SOČASNO, DRUGO)/DATA COLLECTED (RETAINED CATCH; DISCARDED CATCH; UNSORTED CATCH) AND SAMPLING METHOD (CONCURRENT,

			OTHER)
	OPAZOVALCI NA MORJU/OBSERVERS AT SEA	ČETRTLETNO VZORČENJE, VZORČNA ENOTA JE RIBOLOVNO POTOVANJE / QUARTERLY, PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT IS FISHING TRIP	OBDRŽANI ULOV, ZAVRŽEK / RETAINED CATCH, DISCARD
	SAMOVZORČENJE/SELF SAMPLING	NE / N	NE / N
	VZORČENJE IZTOVORA NA OBALI (TRG, MESTO IZTOVORA)/SAMPLING LANDINGS ON SHORE (MARKET; LANDING SITE)	MESEČNO VZORČENJE OB IZTOVORU NA OBALI / MONTHLY SAMPLING ON THE LANDING SITE	DOLŽINA, TEŽA, SPOL, ZRELOST, STAROST / LENGTH, WEIGHT, SEX, MATURITY, AGE
NAVEDI MOREBITNE TEŽAVE PRI VZORČENJU METIERJA/INDICATE IF THE MÉTIER IS ASSOCIATED WITH PARTICULAR SAMPLING PROBLEMS:	ZARADI POMANKLJIVE ZAKONODAJE SO ZA DOSTOP DO PLOVILA VZORČEVALCI ODVISNI OD PRIVOLITVE LASTNIKA (RIBIČA) / BECAUSE OF THE INSUFFICIENT LEGISLATION ABOUT THE ACCESS TO THE FISHING VESSEL THE OBSERVERS ARE DEPENDING ON THE PERSONAL APPROVAL OF THE OWNER (FISHERMAN)		
DRUGI ZAZNAMKI (ZGODOVINSKI IN DRUGI)/ADDITIONAL REMARKS (HISTORICAL AND OTHERS):	NAJPOMEMBNEJŠI SEGMENT PO KOLIČINI ULOVA V SLOVENIJI / MOST IMPORTANT SEGMENT ACCORDING TO THE AMOUNT OF LANDINGS IN SLOVENIA		